PREA Facility Audit Report: Final

Name of Facility: Northern State Correctional Facility

Facility Type: Prison / Jail

Date Interim Report Submitted: 11/10/2021 **Date Final Report Submitted:** 05/10/2022

Auditor Certification		
The contents of this report are accurate to the best of my knowledge.		
No conflict of interest exists with respect to my ability to conduct an audit of the agency under review.		V
I have not included in the final report any personally identifiable information (PII) about any inmate/resident/detainee or staff member, except where the names of administrative personnel are specifically requested in the report template.		V
Auditor Full Name as Signed: Melinda Allen Date of Signature: 05/10/2022		

AUDITOR INFORMATION	
Auditor name:	Allen, Melinda
Email:	preaaudit@gmail.com
Start Date of On-Site Audit:	09/29/2021
End Date of On-Site Audit:	10/01/2021

FACILITY INFORMATION	
Facility name:	Northern State Correctional Facility
Facility physical address:	2559 Glen Road, Newport, Vermont - 05855
Facility mailing address:	

Primary Contact	
Name:	Michael Koehler
Email Address:	Michael.Koehler@vermont.gov
Telephone Number:	802-498-8934

Warden/Jail Administrator/Sheriff/Director	
Name:	Scott Martin
Email Address:	Scott.Martin@vermont.gov
Telephone Number:	802-334-3353

Facility PREA Compliance Manager		
Name:	Mike Lyon	
Email Address:	mike.lyon@vermont.gov	
Telephone Number:	M: 802-334-8944	
Name:	Mike Koehler	
Email Address:	michael.koehler@vermont.gov	
Telephone Number:	O: 8024874313	

Facility Health Service Administrator On-site	
Name:	Vacant
Email Address:	Vacant
Telephone Number:	Vacant

Facility Characteristics		
Designed facility capacity:	433	
Current population of facility:	394	
Average daily population for the past 12 months:	366	
Has the facility been over capacity at any point in the past 12 months?	No	
Which population(s) does the facility hold?	Both females and males	
Age range of population:	19-71	
Facility security levels/inmate custody levels:	Minimum, Medium, Close	
Does the facility hold youthful inmates?	No	
Number of staff currently employed at the facility who may have contact with inmates:	126	
Number of individual contractors who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	4	
Number of volunteers who have contact with inmates, currently authorized to enter the facility:	0	

AGENCY INFORMATION	
Name of agency:	Vermont Department of Corrections
Governing authority or parent agency (if applicable):	Vermont Agency of Human Services
Physical Address:	NOB 2 South, 280 State Drive, Waterbury, Vermont - 05671
Mailing Address:	
Telephone number:	8022410000

Agency Chief Executive Officer Information:	
Name:	James Baker
Email Address:	james.baker@vermont.gov
Telephone Number:	(802) 241 - 0001

Agency-Wide PREA Coordinator Information			
Name:	Jennifer Sprafke	Email Address:	jennifer.sprafke@vermont.gov

SUMMARY OF AUDIT FINDINGS

The OAS automatically populates the number and list of Standards exceeded, the number of Standards met, and the number and list of Standards not met.

Auditor Note: In general, no standards should be found to be "Not Applicable" or "NA." A compliance determination must be made for each standard. In rare instances where an auditor determines that a standard is not applicable, the auditor should select "Meets Standard" and include a comprehensive discussion as to why the standard is not applicable to the facility being audited. Number of standards exceeded: • 115.41 - Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness • 115.42 - Use of screening information • 115.52 - Exhaustion of administrative remedies Number of standards met: 42 Number of standards not met: 0

POST-AUDIT REPORTING INFORMATION GENERAL AUDIT INFORMATION **On-site Audit Dates** 1. Start date of the onsite portion of the audit: 2021-09-29 2. End date of the onsite portion of the audit: 2021-10-01 Outreach 10. Did you attempt to communicate with community-based Yes organization(s) or victim advocates who provide services to this facility and/or who may have insight into relevant O No conditions in the facility? a. Identify the community-based organization(s) or victim External organizations were contacted before the on-site audit advocates with whom you communicated: phase including Just Detention International (JDI), and Umbrella (Community Advocate). Just Detention International reported having not received any information about sexual safety at the Northern State Correctional Facility in the last 12 months. NSCF, who has an LOA with JDI to provide emotional support services, a 24/7 crisis support line, specialized counseling, and with Umbrella to accompany victims to the hospital for forensic medical examinations. AHS is contracted to supply notification of allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment originating within the jail to VTDOC officials. AUDITED FACILITY INFORMATION 433 14. Designated facility capacity: 15. Average daily population for the past 12 months: 366 16. Number of inmate/resident/detainee housing units: 12 17. Does the facility ever hold youthful inmates or Yes youthful/juvenile detainees? No O Not Applicable for the facility type audited (i.e., Community Confinement Facility or Juvenile Facility) Audited Facility Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the **Audit** Inmates/Residents/Detainees Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit 36. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees in 383 the facility as of the first day of onsite portion of the audit: 38. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with 2 a physical disability in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:

39. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0	
40. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (visually impaired) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0	
41. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	1	
42. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	1	
43. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0	
44. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	3	
45. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	3	
46. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	2	
47. Enter the total number of inmates/residents/detainees who were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	0	
48. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of inmates/residents/detainees in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit (e.g., groups not tracked, issues with identifying certain populations):	No text provided.	
Staff, Volunteers, and Contractors Population Characteristics on Day One of the Onsite Portion of the Audit		
49. Enter the total number of STAFF, including both full- and part-time staff, employed by the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	126	
50. Enter the total number of VOLUNTEERS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:	0	
51. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS assigned to the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit who have contact with inmates/residents/detainees:	4	

52. Provide any additional comments regarding the population characteristics of staff, volunteers, and contractors who were in the facility as of the first day of the onsite portion of the audit:	No volunteers are currently allowed in the facility due to COVID-19 concerns.
INTERVIEWS	
Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
Random Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
53. Enter the total number of RANDOM INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:	16
54. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE	✓ Age
interviewees: (select all that apply)	▼ Race
	Ethnicity (e.g., Hispanic, Non-Hispanic)
	✓ Length of time in the facility
	✓ Housing assignment
	☐ Gender
	☐ Other
	□ None
55. How did you ensure your sample of RANDOM INMATE/RESIDENT/DETAINEE interviewees was geographically diverse?	The auditor reviewed the demographics of the facility at the time of the audit. The auditor selected inmates from every housing unit to interview. Typically, selecting the 1st person in each housing unit. The facility houses minimum, medium, and maximum incarcerated individuals. Incarcerated individuals from all demographics and classifications were selected for the interviews to ensure the sample selected was representative of the demographics of the facility at the time of the audit. When the first person in the list did not meet the criteria, the auditor selected the subsequent individual on the roster.
56. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of random inmate/resident/detainee interviews?	⊙ Yes○ No
57. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):	No text provided.
Targeted Inmate/Resident/Detainee Interviews	
58. Enter the total number of TARGETED	10

INMATES/RESIDENTS/DETAINEES who were interviewed:

cross-section of inmates/residents/detainees who are the most vulnerable to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. When completing questions regarding targeted inmate/resident/detainee interviews below, remember that an interview with one inmate/resident/detainee may satisfy multiple targeted interview requirements. These questions are asking about the number of interviews conducted using the targeted inmate/resident/detainee protocols. For example, if an auditor interviews an inmate who has a physical disability, is being held in segregated housing due to risk of sexual victimization, and disclosed prior sexual victimization, that interview would be included in the totals for each of those questions. Therefore, in most cases, the sum of all the following responses to the targeted inmate/resident/detainee interview categories will exceed the total number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees who were interviewed. If a particular targeted population is not applicable in the audited facility, enter "0". 0 60. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees with a physical disability using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol: Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees in this category: inmates/residents/detainees. $\hfill\square$ The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed. b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this The facility does not currently track this data in a report. The population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on auditor interviewed staff, and incarcerated individuals, and made information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed visual observations during the facility tour attempting to locate onsite; and discussions with staff and other individuals that would meet the requirements. The department is inmates/residents/detainees). currently exploring avenues and options to create reports that would be capable of tracking this type of data. 61. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with 0 inmates/residents/detainees with a cognitive or functional disability (including intellectual disability, psychiatric disability, or speech disability) using the "Disabled and **Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:** a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of minimum required number of targeted the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees in this category: inmates/residents/detainees. ☐ The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed. b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this The facility does not currently track this data in a report. The population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on auditor interviewed staff, and incarcerated individuals, and made information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed visual observations during the facility tour attempting to locate onsite; and discussions with staff and other individuals that would meet the requirements. The department is inmates/residents/detainees). currently exploring avenues and options to create reports that would be capable of tracking this type of data. 62. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with 0 inmates/residents/detainees who are Blind or have low vision (i.e., visually impaired) using the "Disabled and Limited **English Proficient Inmates" protocol:**

As stated in the PREA Auditor Handbook, the breakdown of targeted interviews is intended to guide auditors in interviewing the appropriate

a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	 ✓ Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. ☐ The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.
b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	The facility does not currently track this data in a report. The auditor interviewed staff, and incarcerated individuals, and made visual observations during the facility tour attempting to locate individuals that would meet the requirements. The department is currently exploring avenues and options to create reports that would be capable of tracking this type of data.
63. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Deaf or hard-of-hearing using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1
64. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are Limited English Proficient (LEP) using the "Disabled and Limited English Proficient Inmates" protocol:	1
65. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as lesbian, gay, or bisexual using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	0
a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	 ✓ Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. ☐ The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.
b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this	The facility does not currently track this data in a report. The
population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	auditor interviewed staff, and incarcerated individuals, and made visual observations during the facility tour attempting to locate individuals that would meet the requirements. The department is currently exploring avenues and options to create reports that would be capable of tracking this type of data.
66. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who identify as transgender or intersex using the "Transgender and Intersex Inmates; Gay, Lesbian, and Bisexual Inmates" protocol:	3
67. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who reported sexual abuse in this facility using the "Inmates who Reported a Sexual Abuse" protocol:	3
68. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who disclosed prior sexual victimization during risk screening using the "Inmates who Disclosed Sexual Victimization during Risk Screening" protocol:	2

69. Enter the total number of interviews conducted with inmates/residents/detainees who are or were ever placed in segregated housing/isolation for risk of sexual victimization using the "Inmates Placed in Segregated Housing (for Risk of Sexual Victimization/Who Allege to have Suffered Sexual Abuse)" protocol:	0
a. Select why you were unable to conduct at least the minimum required number of targeted inmates/residents/detainees in this category:	 ✓ Facility said there were "none here" during the onsite portion of the audit and/or the facility was unable to provide a list of these inmates/residents/detainees. ☐ The inmates/residents/detainees in this targeted category declined to be interviewed.
b. Discuss your corroboration strategies to determine if this population exists in the audited facility (e.g., based on information obtained from the PAQ; documentation reviewed onsite; and discussions with staff and other inmates/residents/detainees).	Agency policy prevents the use of segregated/isolation housing for incarcerated individuals for the risk of sexual victimization.
70. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing targeted inmates/residents/detainees (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews):	The department is currently exploring avenues and options to create reports that would be capable of tracking this type of data.
Staff, Volunteer, and Contractor Interviews	
Random Staff Interviews	
71. Enter the total number of RANDOM STAFF who were interviewed:	13
72. Select which characteristics you considered when you selected RANDOM STAFF interviewees: (select all that apply)	 ✓ Length of tenure in the facility ✓ Shift assignment ✓ Work assignment ✓ Rank (or equivalent) ☐ Other (e.g., gender, race, ethnicity, languages spoken) ☐ None
73. Were you able to conduct the minimum number of RANDOM STAFF interviews?	⊙ Yes ⊙ No
74. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing random staff (e.g., any populations you oversampled, barriers to completing interviews, barriers to ensuring representation):	The auditor selected staff from each shift to interview. Selections were made that were representative of each rank, work assignment, and the officer's tenure to interview.
Specialized Staff, Volunteers, and Contractor Interviews	
Staff in some facilities may be responsible for more than one of the sp apply to an interview with a single staff member and that information w	ecialized staff duties. Therefore, more than one interview protocol may rould satisfy multiple specialized staff interview requirements.

75. Enter the total number of staff in a SPECIALIZED STAFF role who were interviewed (excluding volunteers and contractors):	26
76. Were you able to interview the Agency Head?	• Yes
	C No
77. Were you able to interview the Warden/Facility Director/Superintendent or their designee?	⊙ Yes
	C No
78. Were you able to interview the PREA Coordinator?	⊙ Yes
	C No
79. Were you able to interview the PREA Compliance Manager?	
3	C No
	O NA (NA if the agency is a single facility agency or is otherwise not required to have a PREA Compliance Manager per the Standards)

80. Select which SPECIALIZED STAFF roles were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)	✓ Agency contract administrator ✓ Intermediate or higher-level facility staff responsible for conducting and documenting unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment ☐ Line staff who supervise youthful inmates (if applicable) ☐ Education and program staff who work with youthful inmates (if applicable) ☑ Medical staff ☑ Mental health staff ☐ Non-medical staff involved in cross-gender strip or visual searches ☑ Administrative (human resources) staff ☑ Sexual Assault Forensic Examiner (SAFE) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE) staff ☑ Investigative staff responsible for conducting administrative investigations ☑ Investigative staff responsible for conducting criminal investigations ☑ Investigative staff responsible for risk of victimization and abusiveness ☑ Staff who perform screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness ☑ Staff who supervise inmates in segregated housing/residents in isolation ☑ Staff on the sexual abuse incident review team ☑ Designated staff member charged with monitoring retaliation ☑ First responders, both security and non-security staff ☑ Intake staff ☐ Other
81. Did you interview VOLUNTEERS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	○ Yes ○ No
82. Did you interview CONTRACTORS who may have contact with inmates/residents/detainees in this facility?	⊙ Yes ○ No
a. Enter the total number of CONTRACTORS who were interviewed:	1

b. Select which specialized CONTRACTOR role(s) were interviewed as part of this audit from the list below: (select all that apply)	☐ Security/detention ☐ Education/programming
	☐ Medical/dental
	▼ Food service
	☐ Maintenance/construction
	☐ Other
83. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting or interviewing specialized staff.	No text provided.
SITE REVIEW AND DOCUMENTA	ATION SAMPLING
Site Review	
PREA Standard 115.401 (h) states, "The auditor shall have access to, the requirements in this Standard, the site review portion of the onsite site review is not a casual tour of the facility. It is an active, inquiring p whether, and the extent to which, the audited facility's practices demonthe site review, you must document your tests of critical functions, impidentified with facility practices. The information you collect through the your compliance determinations and will be needed to complete your access to the requirements of the same access to, the requirements in this standard, the site review portion of the onsite site review, inquiring p	audit must include a thorough examination of the entire facility. The rocess that includes talking with staff and inmates to determine astrate compliance with the Standards. Note: As you are conducting ortant information gathered through observations, and any issues a site review is a crucial part of the evidence you will analyze as part of
84. Did you have access to all areas of the facility?	• Yes
	C No
Was the site review an active, inquiring process that incl	uded the following:
85. Observations of all facility practices in accordance with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., signage, supervision practices, cross-gender viewing and searches)?	⊙ Yes○ No
86. Tests of all critical functions in the facility in accordance	• Yes
with the site review component of the audit instrument (e.g., risk screening process, access to outside emotional support services, interpretation services)?	O No
87. Informal conversations with inmates/residents/detainees	• Yes
during the site review (encouraged, not required)?	C No
88. Informal conversations with staff during the site review	• Yes
(encouraged, not required)?	C No
89. Provide any additional comments regarding the site review (e.g., access to areas in the facility, observations, tests of critical functions, or informal conversations).	The site review also included a review of Central control where cameras are monitored to visually inspect the views of cameras placed in isolation cells and general camera placement.
Documentation Sampling	

⊙ Yes ⊙ No
The auditor selected a plethora of documents to review to substantiate each component of the audit. All Investigations were reviewed.

Where there is a collection of records to review-such as staff, contractor, and volunteer training records; background check records;

SEXUAL ABUSE AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT ALLEGATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS IN THIS FACILITY

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Allegations and Investigations Overview

Remember the number of allegations should be based on a review of all sources of allegations (e.g., hotline, third-party, grievances) and should not be based solely on the number of investigations conducted. Note: For question brevity, we use the term "inmate" in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, or detainee sexual abuse allegations and investigations, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

92. Total number of SEXUAL ABUSE allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual abuse allegations	# of criminal investigations	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on- inmate sexual abuse	1	0	1	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Total	1	0	1	0

93. Total number of SEXUAL HARASSMENT allegations and investigations overview during the 12 months preceding the audit, by incident type:

	# of sexual harassment allegations	# of criminal	# of administrative investigations	# of allegations that had both criminal and administrative investigations
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	1	0	1	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	1	0	1	0
Total	2	0	2	0

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Sexual Abuse Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently (i.e., if a criminal investigation was referred for prosecution and resulted in a conviction, that investigation outcome should only appear in the count for "convicted.") Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term "inmate" in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detained sexual abuse investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

94. Criminal SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/Court Case Filed	Convicted/Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

95. Administrative SEXUAL ABUSE investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	1	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	1	0

Sexual Harassment Investigation Outcomes

Note: these counts should reflect where the investigation is currently. Do not double count. Additionally, for question brevity, we use the term "inmate" in the following questions. Auditors should provide information on inmate, resident, and detainee sexual harassment investigation files, as applicable to the facility type being audited.

96. Criminal SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Referred for Prosecution	Indicted/Court Case Filed	Convicted/Adjudicated	Acquitted
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0

97. Administrative SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation outcomes during the 12 months preceding the audit:

	Ongoing	Unfounded	Unsubstantiated	Substantiated
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	1	0
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment	0	0	0	1
Total	0	0	1	1

Sexual Abuse and Sexual Harassment Investigation Files Selected for Review

Sexual Abuse Investigation Files Selected for Review

98. Enter the total number of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:	1
99. Did your selection of SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?	YesNoNA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual abuse investigation files)
Inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files	
100. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:	1
101. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
102. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include administrative investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files	
Staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files 103. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled:	0
103. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL	O C Yes C No No NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)
103. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled: 104. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE	C YesC NoNoNo NoNA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual
103. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files reviewed/sampled: 104. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE investigation files include criminal investigations? 105. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL ABUSE	C Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files) Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual abuse investigation files)

107. Did your selection of SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include a cross-section of criminal and/or administrative investigations by findings/outcomes?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any sexual harassment investigation files)
Inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files	
108. Enter the total number of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	1
109. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT files include criminal investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
110. Did your sample of INMATE-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any inmate-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
Staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files	
111. Enter the total number of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files reviewed/sampled:	1
112. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include criminal investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
113. Did your sample of STAFF-ON-INMATE SEXUAL HARASSMENT investigation files include administrative investigations?	 Yes No NA (NA if you were unable to review any staff-on-inmate sexual harassment investigation files)
114. Provide any additional comments regarding selecting and reviewing sexual abuse and sexual harassment investigation files.	No text provided.
SUPPORT STAFF INFORMATION	
DOJ-certified PREA Auditors Support Staff	

115. Did you receive assistance from any DOJ-CERTIFIED PREA AUDITORS at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.	○ Yes⊙ No
Non-certified Support Staff	
116. Did you receive assistance from any NON-CERTIFIED SUPPORT STAFF at any point during this audit? REMEMBER: the audit includes all activities from the pre-onsite through the post-onsite phases to the submission of the final report. Make sure you respond accordingly.	○ Yes⊙ No
AUDITING ARRANGEMENTS AN	D COMPENSATION
121. Who paid you to conduct this audit?	The audited facility or its parent agency
	My state/territory or county government employer (if you audit as part of a consortium or circular auditing arrangement, select this option)
	© A third-party auditing entity (e.g., accreditation body, consulting firm)
	O Other

Standards

Auditor Overall Determination Definitions

- Exceeds Standard (Substantially exceeds requirement of standard)
- Meets Standard (substantial compliance; complies in all material ways with the stand for the relevant review period)
- Does Not Meet Standard (requires corrective actions)

Auditor Discussion Instructions

Auditor discussion, including the evidence relied upon in making the compliance or non-compliance determination, the auditor's analysis and reasoning, and the auditor's conclusions. This discussion must also include corrective action recommendations where the facility does not meet standard. These recommendations must be included in the Final Report, accompanied by information on specific corrective actions taken by the facility.

115.11 Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 410.01
 - Sexual Abuse Awareness Brochure
 - · Vermont Department of Corrections Organizational Chart
 - Northern State Correctional Facility Organizational Chart

2. Interviews:

- PREA Coordinator
- PREA Compliance Manager

Finding:

The VDOC policy 409.09 addresses the Prison Rape Elimination Act. The agency's policy mandates a zero-tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in facilities it operates directly or under contract. This is addressed on page one of the policy. The policy outlines, on pages 2 & 3, how the PREA standards are implemented and the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The facility is expected and does follow the department's policy. Interviews were conducted on-site with the PREA Compliance Manager and Superintendent to confirm the facility's efforts to prevent, detect and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. It was apparent through the facility walk-through that the facility takes sexual safety seriously through the observation of PREA posters, PREA Newsletters, informational pamphlets, and educational programs. The policy pages 3-8 contain definitions as required by the standard. Sanctions against PREA related incidents are covered in policy 410.01, Facility Rules and Inmate Discipline. PREA policy 409.09 addresses agency strategies and responses to reduce and prevent sexual abuse and sexual harassment of incarcerated individuals. These strategies are covered on pages 2, 3, and 10-23 of policy 409.09. The facility has a designated PREA Compliance Manager. The compliance manager showed that he does not have sufficient time to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards. As with most governmental agencies, staff members must juggle a plethora of duties and be expected to complete each of the duties in a prompt fashion. I saw that the PREA Compliance Manager authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards. The required work is being completed, as some PREA-related duties are being distributed amongst other staff in the future to assist in the efficiency of the processes. The PREA Compliance Manager serves as the Assistant Superintendent of the facility and has the requisite authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards. The PREA Compliance Manager reports directly to the Superintendent of the facility. The agency has a PREA Coordinator and six Compliance Managers as well as backup Compliance Managers for each facility.

115.12 Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Agency Policy 409.09
 - Northern State Correctional Facility Pre-Audit Questionnaire
 - Contract for Housing Inmates, Page 26, Section 4.3
- 2. Interviews:
 - Agency Contract Administrator

Finding:

The Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) has contracted with CoreCivic to house incarcerated individuals on their behalf. The most recent contract was entered on September 17, 2018. The initial term of the contract was two years with the ability to renew for two additional years. The contract requires that the contractor adopt and comply with the PREA Standards, page 26, Section 4.3. The DOC does not have any current contracts for confinement that do not require compliance and adoption of the PREA Standards. The current contract specifies that the Contractor will comply with the PREA of 2003 (28 C.F.R. Part 115, Docket No. OAG-131. RIN 1005-Dated May 17, 2012) as noted on page 10 of the contract, and will adopt all applicable PREA Standards for preventing, detecting, monitoring, investigating, and eradicating any form of sexual abuse within the Contractor's facilities that house State incarcerated individuals. State staff has the right to conduct announced and/or unannounced, compliance monitoring to include "on-site" monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with PREA standards. This is standard verbiage for contracts for confinement as established through the Agency's PREA policy 409.09. The contract monitor oversees compliance with all PREA Standards. In interviews with the contract monitor, I determined that the contract monitor regularly reviews the contractor and their work as it applied to PREA. The facility had its PREA Audit in June 2021 and is currently in the Corrective Action phase.

115.13 Supervision and monitoring

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Northern State Correctional Facility Staffing Plan
 - Annual Review of Staffing Plan 2019, 2020
 - · Facility Camera Map

2. Interviews:

- Warden/ Superintendent
- PREA Coordinator
- PREA Compliance Manager
- · Intermediate or Higher-level Facility Staff

Finding:

The facility has a formalized, written staffing plan that addresses the mandatory elements required by the standard. The staffing plan is reviewed annually for consideration of needs to improve sexual safety in the facility. The facility, in collaboration with the PREA Coordinator, reviews the staffing plan to determine if adjustments are needed to the staffing plan, the deployment of monitoring technology, or the allocation of facility/agency resources to commit to the staffing plan to ensure compliance with the staffing plan. A copy of the staffing plan analysis was secured during the pre-audit phase. The Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) uses overtime collapses not-essential (Housing) posts or utilizes overtime if needed to maintain minimum staffing levels. Daily reports are used to document any deviations from the staffing plan. An annual review is completed to determine if adjustments are needed. NSCF officers are required to complete scheduled and unscheduled rounds not less than every 30 minutes in all areas. This information is documented in logbooks in the units. Unannounced rounds are documented in the logbooks as well. The facility has 156 cameras that are monitored by control staff to aid in supervision. The cameras record information for up to 30 days depending on the level of motion detected activity. The current storage was around 30 days. The facility has upgraded its entire camera system since the last audit. They added numerous cameras to the system to help ensure sexual safety within the facility. The facility uses a screening system to identify vulnerable incarcerated individuals during the initial screening process prior to placement in a cell. Vulnerable incarcerated individuals are placed alone in cells adjacent to the officer's desk and extra observation rounds are conducted for heightening security. To verify that intermediate or higher-level supervisors conduct unannounced rounds, I reviewed logbook entries and compared the logbook entries to video footage to verify the rounds were conducted. In interviews with the intermediate and higher-level supervisors, I determined that unannounced rounds are conducted sporadically and without warning to the staff. Supervisors vary their routes throughout the facility and never announce that they are making rounds. Rounds were verified for day and night shifts.

115.14	Youthful inmates
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09 Vermont Department of Corrections Youthful Offender Status Document Northern State Correctional Facility Procedure 326.01.02 Placement of Youthful Offenders Daily Population Reports
	2. Interviews:
	 There is no Line Staff who Supervise Youthful Incarcerated Individuals There are no Education and Program Staff who Work with Youthful Incarcerated Individuals There were no Youthful Incarcerated Individuals present during the audit to interview 3. Observations:
	Visual Review facility during On-site Review Finding:
	The facility does not house juvenile offenders. The auditor observed the facility and interviewed staff, incarcerated individuals, and reviewed daily rosters to determine that the facility does not house youthful offenders. It is the practice of the State of Vermont to avoid housing Youthful Offenders in adult facilities except in rare situations. Youthful offenders would be housed at the Marble Valley Regional Correctional Facility if one is incarcerated. The agency has developed an operational procedure for placement of an under eighteen offender in an adult correctional facility, MVRCF 12-01, which requires them to provide for sight sound separation from the adult incarcerated individuals.

115.15 Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 432.01
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.01
 - · Log of Cross-gender Strip Search (none) as evidenced by OMS report and interviews
 - Strip Search Memo dated 3.06.2015

2. Interviews:

- Random Sample of Staff
- There were no female incarcerated individuals present to interview
- · Transgender Incarcerated Individuals

Finding:

Policy 409.01 governs pat searches of incarcerated individuals. Staff would only conduct a cross-gender strip or crossgender visual body cavity searches of incarcerated individuals in emergencies. In the past year, there have been no emergencies that required cross-gender strip searches. When a female staff member is not available to conduct a pat search, the female incarcerated individual is placed in intake under observation until a female staff member can be summonsed to conduct the past search. Facilities are not permitted to conduct pat searches of female incarcerated individuals absent exigent circumstances. Policy 409.01.01 requires that all cross-gender strip searches, cross-gender visual body cavity searches, and cross-gender pat searches be documented. I have reviewed documentation of these searches generated from reports in the OMS system, Jail Tracker. Agency policy 409.09 requires staff members of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an incarcerated individual-housing unit. Interviews with incarcerated individuals confirm that some staff members announce their presence. This was also observed during the on-site review. Incarcerated individuals stated they cannot shower without being viewed. The showers have curtains, but the curtains were hung low allowing for viewing from the upper tier and officer's workstation. A suggestion was made to raise the shower curtains about 6 inches to prevent viewing. Incarcerated Individuals can perform bodily functions and change clothing without a nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks. Agency policy prohibits the searching of transgender or intersex incarcerated individuals for the sole purpose of determining their genital status. Interviews with staff and incarcerated individuals verify that this is not being done. I interviewed transgender individuals to confirm compliance. Staff members were well versed in this policy. The VDOC uses a Gender Identify Form that all incarcerated individuals must complete upon admission into the facility. If an individual's genital status is unknown, the facility determines the genital status through conversations with the incarcerated individual, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner. Facility staff members have been trained to conduct cross-gender pat-down searches and searches of transgender and intersex incarcerated individuals professionally and respectfully, consistent with security needs. In interviews with staff, I asked staff to explain the process of conducting a cross-gender pat search as well as a search of transgender and intersex incarcerated individuals. Staff members were well versed in conducting searches professionally and respectfully. The facility is an intake facility that may receive female incarcerated individuals at times. The facility does have female staff to conduct the pat searches. All cross-gender pat-downs of females are documented. There were no cross-gender pat searches conducted in the previous twelve months. During the on-site review, the auditor noted several cameras that allow for observation of a toilet in a special housing cell. It was suggested that staff mitigate this by placing a block on the camera that prevents the viewing of the genital area while an incarcerated individual is using the toilet.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

- 1. Adjust shower curtains in housing units that permit viewing.
- 2. Retrain staff on cross-gender announcements.
- 3. Apply blocks over the cameras that have a view of the toilet. (H2)
- 4. Provide screens or curtains to cover windows in H1, H2, and H3 to prevent viewing.
- 5. Create a three-year camera plan to add cameras, windows, or a combination of windows and mirrors to allow viewing of caseworker offices.

- 6. There is a toilet in the VCI II building (114) that requires a door. The urinal is visible from outside the restroom.
- 7. Staff also need to be cognizant that staff restroom doors should remain secured when not in use.

Update: On May 6, 2022, the facility provided the auditor with photographic evidence of the adjustment of shower curtains, blocks over the cameras, Screens or curtains to cover H1, H2. and H3 windows, and the extension of the barrier in the VCI II building to prevent viewing into the toilet. Staff were retrained in cross-gender announcements in order to reinforce their use. They were also retrained regarding the need to secure staff restroom doors when not in use. A three-year plan was developed to address viewing of the Caseworker offices.

115.16 Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - · Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 371.01
 - ADA Handouts
 - · Interpreter Access Card
 - ADA Training Curriculum from Basic Academy
 - PREA Pamphlets in English and Spanish
 - PREA Education/Orientation Materials

2. Interviews:

- Disabled or Limited English Proficient Incarcerated Individuals
- · Random Sample of Staff

3. Observations

- · Language Line
- Documentation of ADA compliance to include Braille handout

Finding:

According to the interview with the Agency Head, the agency takes appropriate steps to ensure incarcerated individuals with disabilities and incarcerated individuals with limited English proficiency have an opportunity to participate in and benefit from the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment. He expounded on the resources that have been made available to incarcerated individuals. PREA handouts and resident handbooks are provided in English and Spanish languages. The agency also has a contract for other language interpretations and utilizes the services when warranted. The VDOC contracts with Public Communication Services, Inc. for telephonic interpreters. There are some staff members who speak Spanish and both incarcerated individuals and staff stated incarcerated individuals are not used as interpreters for issues with sexual abuse and sexual harassment. The facility also has a PREA brochure in Braille if they have a blind incarcerated individual. PREA information is explained to the incarcerated individuals with low functioning or inability to read by a caseworker and is available through a video as well. The facility does have access to a language line, a TTY machine, Braille handouts and staff are available to explain and educate offenders verbally on a level that they can understand. There were no incarcerated individuals with disabilities or limited English proficiency to interview at the time of the audit. Agency policy 409.09, page 11, prohibits the use of incarcerated individual interpreters, incarcerated individual readers, or other types of incarcerated individual assistants except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the incarcerated individual's safety, the performance of first-response duties under " §115.64, or the investigation of the incarcerated individual's allegations. Interviews with staff and incarcerated individuals confirm that the policy is being followed.

115.17 Hiring and promotion decisions

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Agency Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 122.01 Staff Selection and Promotion
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 376.01 Volunteer Services
 - · Review of Applications of newly hired employees
 - · Review of files of newly promoted staff
 - · Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) completed by VDOC
 - Background Checks of Volunteers and Contractors

2. Interviews:

• Administrative (Human Resources) Staff

Finding:

Policy 122.01 addresses the hiring, promotion, and discipline of staff and has procedural guidelines that the agency must follow when considering hiring someone. The agency inquiries about sexual abuse and sexual misconduct to include the questions detailed in 115.17 (a) in the written application and during the formal interviews. The applicant's responses are recorded and kept in the staff, contractor, or volunteer's file. The Vermont Department of Corrections conducts a reasonable investigation into the background of prospective employees, contractors, and volunteers, who, by the nature of the position to be filled, will have access to sensitive information, facilities, computer systems, clients, detainees, incarcerated individuals, procedures, and/or reports. To minimize the State's risk exposure, this policy has been shown to ensure fair and consistent evaluation. All candidates for full and part-time employment with the VDOC undergo a comprehensive background investigation prior to being made a final offer. A review of staff and contractor/volunteer files shows that thorough background checks are completed prior to hiring or contracting with individuals. The agency inquires if the applicant has ever had an improper relationship with an incarcerated individual, sexual or otherwise, ever resigned from employment after becoming aware of, being notified of, or during an investigation about their behavior/actions while employed as a law enforcement officer correctional officer at another location. The agency also inquires what the investigations were about and what is the status of that investigation, and if the applicant has ever been a party to a lawsuit because of their actions in the performance of their job. Interviews with staff showed that they check the VCIC and NCIC III for criminal background checks and check the Sex Offender Registry as part of their background investigations. The agency imposes an affirmative duty for staff to show any misconduct. The agency supplies information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such an employee has applied to work.

115.18 Upgrades to facilities and technologies Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard **Auditor Discussion** The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination: 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.) • Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09 · Schematic of Camera system Camera Letter · Review of additional cameras installed 2. Interviews: · Agency Head • Warden/Superintendent Finding: Interviews with the agency head and warden/Superintendent staff show that consideration is afforded when modifying, expanding, or designing a facility. There have not been any major structural modifications or construction since the

the facility tour. I also reviewed the cameras to determine if there are obvious blind spots. There were blind spots observed in the casework offices.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Create a three-year plan to address the viewing issues in the caseworker offices. This can be remedied with the addition of cameras, modification of workspace, and/or addition of mirrors to allow for observation.

last PREA audit. The NSCF has added and replaced many cameras since the last audit. The facility has documented the upgrades to the video monitoring system. The facility has 156 cameras in the facility. Video footage is recorded and kept for approximately thirty days, depending on the activity or movement within the facility. (At the time of the audit there were 30 days of footage stored). I observed cameras placed throughout the facility consistent with the schematics provided during

On May 4, 2022, the agency provided the auditor with a three-year plan for addressing the installation of cameras or mirrors to permit viewing in this area.

115.21 Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.08, Crime Scene Preservation
 - Northern State Correctional Facility Procedure 11-01, Sexual Abuse Incident Report Form
 - Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - Protocols for responding to Incidents of Sexual Harassment and Sexual Abuse
 - · MOU with DHR IU
 - MOU with Vermont State Police
 - LOA with Umbrella
 - Uniform Evidence Protocol

2. Interviews:

- SANE/SAFE
- · Just Detention International
- · Random Sample of Staff
- PREA Compliance Manager
- · Incarcerated individuals who had reported an incident of Sexual Abuse

Finding:

The agency is responsible for ensuring that administrative and criminal sexual abuse investigations are conducted. The agency shares responsibility for administrative investigations with DHR-IU. Vermont State Police complete all criminal investigations. Facility staff may be involved in conducting some administrative investigations but would never be responsible for conducting an administrative sexual abuse claim. The Department of Human Resources Investigative Unit (DHR-IU) would investigate these cases. The uniform evidence protocol was developed from the DOJ's National Protocol. All victims of

sexual abuse have access to forensic medical examinations, at the Country Hospital of Newport. If for some reason a SANE or SAFE is not available at North Country Hospital within the 72 to 120-hour window, they would transport to the next closest hospital with a trained SANE or SAFE Hospital without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate. Examinations are performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs). If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, other qualified medical practitioners can perform the examination. The agency documents its efforts to supply SAFEs or SANEs. The Country Hospital of Newport offers specialized emergency nursing care for both adults and child sexual assault victims. According to the PREA Compliance Manager, the facility contacts a victim's advocate prior to the victim leaving the facility for a sexual assault. The NSCF utilizes the Umbrella Center to supply a victim's advocate to incarcerated individuals. The facility has secured a Letter of Agreement with Umbrella to supply advocacy services. The letter was signed on September 14, 2021. The agency has asked that the investigative agency. The MOU with the Vermont State Police was signed in 2015. The MOU with DHR was signed in 2021.

115.22 Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NECC
 - MOU with Vermont State Police
 - MOU with DHR IU
 - Investigative Files
 - Protocols for responding to Sexual Harassment and Sexual Abuse incidents.
 - · Agency Website

2. Interviews:

- · Agency Head
- · Investigative Staff
- VSP Investigative Staff
- DHR-IU Investigative Staff

Finding:

The agency ensures that an Administrative and Criminal investigation is conducted for allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment. This is required in policy 409.09. The agency has also prepared detailed flow charts that summarize the processes involved in conducting investigations. This enhances staff and other agency understanding of areas of responsibility and the auditor found it to be succinct. The agency has made public its investigations policy to include the referral to investigators with the authority to present cases for prosecution. The website describes the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity. The information is made publicly available at

http://doc.vermont.gov/programs/prea/prison-rape-elimiation-act-prea/. This auditor reviewed all PREA allegations for compliance with the standards and found that the facility ensures the cases are referred to the proper authorities. The agency documents all referrals of allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment for criminal investigation. There were four cases that required investigation during this audit cycle.

115.31 Employee training

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - · Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - Training Curriculum for PREA in Academy Part I and Part II
 - · Gender, Care and Custody Training
 - PREA and Staff Sexual Misconduct Curriculum
 - Review of Staff Training Rosters
 - · Review of Staff Acknowledgements of having received PREA Training
 - PREA Examinations

2. Interviews:

· Random Sample of Staff

Finding:

VDOC supplies all employees PREA training, which includes a lecture, video, PowerPoint presentation, and a written examination. Staff completes a pre-test and a post-test to evaluate their improvement. Staff also acknowledge in writing their understanding of PREA. The acknowledgment form lists the required areas of the standard. A review of the lesson plans proves all the required areas are reviewed. A review of staff training files shows that all staff members have been trained. In addition to completing the training, staff members must complete an examination showing their understanding of the training presented. Interviews of staff members demonstrated that staff members have an understanding of the agency's zero-tolerance policy; the agency policy and procedures for prevention, reporting, and response to a sexual assault or sexual harassment incident, the dynamics of sexual abuse and harassment in a confinement setting, The common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims; How to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse; How to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates; How to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender-nonconforming inmates; and How to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities. All newly hired staff receives the first PREA training prior to reporting to duty in the facility. During the interviews with a random selection of staff, I quizzed staff members on a variety of these topics and staff was able to respond appropriately. The training supplied is specific to the gender of inmates the staff will supervise. If a staff member is transferred from another facility, the staff member would appropriately be retrained. Staff members have not received refresher PREA training every other year. In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, the agency supplies refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies. The facility supplied verification of training for all staff for 2021. In 2021, the facility hosted a tabletop exercise training for their staff to help reinforce staff response duties. There was no PREA-related training provided in 2019 or 2020.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures. In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, the agency shall provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies.

Update: On May 1, 2022, the facility provided the auditor with an updated spreadsheet of refresher training. Ten names were drawn from the spreadsheet to verify compliance with the completion of the required training.

115.32	Volunteer and contractor training
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09 Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF Training Curriculum PREA Training Acknowledgment Forms Examinations
	2. Interviews:
	Contractors and Volunteers who have contact with inmates
	Finding:
	Contractors and volunteers at the NSCF are trained in their responsibilities about sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response. I reviewed the volunteer and contractor training files for proof of receipt of the training. Interviews also revealed that they are familiar with the agency's zero-tolerance policy and how to report an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment. All Contractors and Volunteers receive extensive training regarding PREA to include testing which far exceeds standard requirements. The agency should be commended for this high level of professionalism and regard for sexual safety in their prisons. The agency also included an examination as part of their testing of understanding. This exceeds the standard imposed. Since April 2020, very few contractors and no volunteers have been allowed into the facility due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Only essential contractors have been allowed into the facility.

115.33	Inmate education
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - · Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - · Review of Training Curriculum
 - · Resident Handbooks
 - Resident Tablets
 - PREA Posters
 - PREA Newsletters
 - PREA Pamphlets/Brochures
 - Incarcerated Individuals Acknowledgements of having received training/orientation

2. Interviews:

- Random Sample of Incarcerated Individuals
- Intake Staff
- · Caseworkers who conduct training with inmates

3. Observations:

- During the on-site review, the auditor observed PREA posters, signage, pamphlets, and brochures that are readily available in each housing unit.
- The auditor also observed inmate handbooks and tablets that are available to inmates.
- The tablets also have the inmate handbook and PREA information available.

Finding:

Offenders at the NSCF are notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy and how to report an incident of sexual abuse and sexual harassment at once upon entering the facility. Offenders are supplied a PREA brochure that details basic PREA standards, as well as a list of resources available to them should they need. Many of the offenders interviewed were familiar with the basics of PREA. Most offenders interviewed were able to articulate how they would report an incident to include reporting to staff, the PREA hotline, by writing Prisoner's Rights, going through a third party, or in writing. Incarcerated Individuals are familiar with available outside resources for dealing with sexual abuse. Offenders have the information at their disposal in the PREA Pamphlets that are given to them at intake. This information is also on the tablets that are available to inmates. Caseworkers generally provide more in-depth training with the offenders within 72 hours of arrival at the facility. This far exceeds the 30-day requirement imposed by this standard. The facility provides education through a variety of mechanisms to connect with a broader range of learners. All offenders receive the required training regardless of where they came from being the streets, court, or another facility. The PREA education is available in Spanish, English, and Braille. For offenders with limited reading abilities, vision or hearing problems, caseworkers supply the training in a format that is easily understandable for the offender. If an offender speaks a language other than Spanish or English, a language line interpretation would be supplied for the offender. The facility documents this training and copies of the training are secured in the offender's file or in the OMS. The facility does an excellent job of supplying continuously available resources using posters, PREA Newsletters, and Handbooks. The facility exceeds this standard by educating the inmates within 72-hours of entering the facility. One concern is that during the pandemic, some incarcerated individuals received abbreviated training, training through a door, or no thorough training since they had been previously incarcerated in another facility. This standard requires that all incarcerated individuals be trained.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Ensure that all incarcerated individuals receive comprehensive, in-person, training. In-person training can be supplemented with video training, which the facility has onsite.

Update: On May 1, 2022, the facility notified the auditor that all staff that conduct training for inmates were retrained to ensure compliance. The auditor requested a new roster to select files to review for compliance. A review of the files indicates that the facility has completed the required training and has a process in place to ensure continued compliance. Individuals who had previously been given the abbreviated version of training due to COVID were retrained.

115.34	Specialized training: Investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) completed by VDOC Training Records Training Curriculum Specialized Training Certificates
	2. Interviews:
	Investigative Staff
	Findings:
	While the more serious Administrative and Criminal investigations would be handled by the DHR-IU or the Vermont State Police, NSCF has fourteen investigators that have received training to conduct investigations in a confinement setting. The training received included techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims, proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings, sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings, and the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral. I have reviewed both the curriculum and the certificates of completion for the training and found them to follow the requirements of this standard. The investigators interviewed were familiar with each of the required components and fluent in how to handle an investigation in confinement. Additionally, the auditor reviewed a sample of investigative files for completeness and thoroughness.

115.35 Specialized training: Medical and mental health care

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09
 - Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) completed by VDOC
 - Sample Training Records
 - Training Curriculum
 - · Specialized Training Certificates
- 2. Interviews:
 - Medical and Mental Health Staff

Findings:

Agency policy 409.09, page 13, I, C addresses the training of all medical and mental health staff in the PREA standards. I have reviewed the training records of medical and mental health staff that work in this facility and decided that they have received the required training. There are currently twenty-nine medical and mental health practitioners at this facility some of which are 'travelers' or not full-time staff. Out of 29 staff, I observed that 21 had completed the required PREA training. Medical staff at NSCF do not conduct forensic medical examinations. Interviews with medical and mental health staff revealed that they have received the training and are aware of the duties needed from them if an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment presents itself to them.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Ensure that all medical and mental health staff receive the specialized training required. Resource:

https://nicic.gov/specialized-training-prea-medical-and-mental-care-st andards.

Ensure that all medical and mental health staff receive the training provided to contractors and volunteers in addition to the specialized training supplied specifically for medical and mental health staff.

Update:

On May 6, 2022, the facility provided certificates of completion for all medical staff for the PREA training offered through the National Institute of Corrections.

On May 9, 2022, the facility provided copies of PREA Training Acknowledgement for all Medical and Mental Health staff.

All Medical and Mental health staff have completed the required training for this standard.

115.41 Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness

Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - · Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - · Completed Risk Screening Tools
 - · Completed Reassessment Tools
 - 2. Interviews:

Intake Staff

- Staff that complete Risk Screenings
- · Staff that complete Reassessments
- · Random Sample of Inmates
- PREA Coordinator
- PREA Compliance Manager

3. Observations:

. During the onsite review, I observed the intake area where the Risk screening tool is completed

Finding:

Agency 409.09, page 11, section 4 covers the completion of the Sexual Violence Screening during the booking or intake process. I interviewed intake staff, caseworkers, and incarcerated individuals to verify that the Sexual Violence Screening Instrument is being used effectively to decide if incarcerated individuals have been designated as a victim or a predator to help ensure sexual safety of the facility. Incarcerated individuals showed that the questions required by this standard are asked upon entry into the facility. All screenings are conducted within 72 hours of intake. The agency uses a uniform objective screening instrument to help determine if an incarcerated individual is vulnerable or possibly a predator. The objective screening instrument considers each of the required components of this standard. Policy 409.09 mandates a thirty (30) day review of the Sexual Violence Screening Instrument. The auditor verified that the 30-day reviews are often completed much quicker than 28 days. In addition to the thirty (30) day reviews, staff will reassess an incarcerated individual based on a referral, request, an incident of sexual abuse, or upon receiving more information that may reveal more insight into the incarcerated individual's vulnerability or likelihood of predation. Incarcerated individuals are never disciplined for failure to respond to the sensitive questions included in the Sexual Violence Screening Instrument. A review of disciplinary and grievance records did not show any disciplinary acts for failure to respond to these questions. The agency controls the dissemination of responses to questions on the screening tool within the facility to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the incarcerated individual's detriment by staff or other incarcerated individuals. CO II's and higher have access to the Risk Screening Instrument to decide housing placement and programming. As part of my review of this standard, I saw a random sampling of incarcerated individual files, interviewed intake and caseworker staff and incarcerated individuals. All interviews confirmed that the screening instrument is being used and that staff members do consider the responses to the instrument when deciding the placement of the incarcerated individuals in the facility. NSCF goes a step beyond when considering placement of the offenders in that they hold a multidisciplinary team meeting Monday-Friday to discuss the housing and placement of incarcerated individuals who they perceive to be vulnerable or predatory to house them most appropriately.

115.42 Use of screening information

Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 432.01
 - Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - · Documentation of Risk-based housing decisions
 - · Documentation of Reassessments

2. Interviews:

- · Staff Responsible for Risk Screening
- PREA Coordinator
- PREA Compliance Manager
- Random Sample of Inmates
- Transgender or Intersex Inmate

3. Observations:

- · Auditor toured all housing units and did not find any housing units dedicated to LGBTQI inmates.
- Observation of Showers, housing units, and toilet areas within the facility.

Finding:

Interviews with staff and incarcerated individuals confirm that the risk screening instrument is being used and that staff members are considering the responses to the instrument when deciding the placement of the incarcerated individuals in housing, bed, work, programming, and education assignments. NSCF goes a step beyond when considering placement of the offenders in that they hold a multi-disciplinary team meeting Monday-Friday to discuss the housing and placement of incarcerated individuals who they perceive to be vulnerable or predatory to house them most appropriately. This program curtails many problems and helps the different disciplinary teams understand the dynamics faced with each decision, especially about deciding individualized housing and program assignments helps to ensure the safety of each incarcerated individual. The multi-disciplinary team meetings far exceed the standard imposed by the Prison Rape Elimination Act and the facility is commended for going the extra mile in improving sexual safety within the facility. When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex incarcerated individual to a facility for male or female incarcerated individuals and in making other housing and programming assignments, the agency considers on a case-by-case basis whether the placement would ensure the incarcerated individual's health and safety and whether the placement would present management or security problems. The transgender/Intersex incarcerated individuals' own views with respect to their own safety is given serious consideration when making housing, and programming decisions. NSCF has housed several transgender or intersex offenders in the past

months. Interviews with transgender incarcerated individuals revealed that their own view of their safety is given consideration. Transgender or intersex incarcerated individuals are allowed to shower alone and have not been excluded from programming assignments based on their status. Interviews with the PREA Compliance Manager and staff said they do conduct screenings of transgender/intersex incarcerated individuals twice a year for any threats to safety experienced by the incarcerated individual. There was one Transgender incarcerated individual in the facility at the time of the audit. That incarcerated individual had not been in the facility long enough to require another reassessment. The agency has a policy (432.01) that allows transgender/Intersex offenders the opportunity to shower alone. The agency does not keep any dedicated units, wings, or facilities to house LGBTQI offenders. They are not under any court orders, decrees, legal settlements, or judgments to maintain separate wings, facilities, or housing units.

115.43 Protective Custody Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

- The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.03 Placement on Administrative Segregation
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 432.01 Gender, Care & Custody
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.05 Administrative Segregation
 - Pre-Audit Questionnaire (PAQ) completed by VDOC

2. Interviews:

Auditor Discussion

- Warden/Superintendent
- · Staff Who Supervise Inmates in Segregation Housing
- There were no incarcerated individuals to interview that had been placed in segregation housing who allege to have suffered sexual abuse.

3. Observations:

• Reviewed the Segregation Housing Unit during the onsite review.

Findings:

Agency policy 409.09, page 15, Section C, states that incarcerated individuals at high risks for sexual victimization shall not be placed in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there are no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. By policy, no incarcerated individuals are placed in involuntary segregation housing who have reported sexual abuse. If they were, they would be allowed to attend or have access to programs, privileges, education, and work opportunities to the extent possible. Interviews with the Warden/Superintendent a staff who supervises restricted housing units show that if the access could not be accommodated, they would document the opportunities that have been limited; The duration of the limitation; and the reasons for such limitations. In the past 12 months, no offenders were placed in involuntary segregation based on the facility's inability to find alternative housing, therefore, no incarcerated individuals were found to interview for this standard about involuntary segregation. Agency policy 409.09 does require that if the facility had to use involuntary segregation housing it would only be used until an alternative means of separation could be found, never to exceed 30 days. There were no cases of involuntary segregation due to victimization to review for the prior 36 months therefore there was no documentation of the facility's concern for the offender's safety or reasons why no alternative means of separation can be arranged. Policy 409.09, page 16, section 4, C allows for the reviews of status as protective custody to be completed after seven days and every 30 days thereafter the first seven-day period. Staff members interviewed that work segregation housing showed that the reviews would be conducted according to policy.

115.51 Inmate reporting Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 315.02
 - Inmate PREA Brochure
 - · Resident Handbooks
 - PREA Posters
 - · Third-Party Reporting Poster
 - Just Detention International Posters for Staff and Inmates

2. Interviews:

- · Random Sample of Staff
- Random Sample of Incarcerated Individuals
- PREA Compliance Manager

3. Observations:

• The auditor observed PREA Posters, Pamphlets, JDI posters, and PREA Newsletters in all of the housing units toured and in a variety of common areas throughout the facility.

Findings:

The agency supplies multiple mechanisms for reporting sexual harassment and sexual abuse. The facility has posted PREA Posters, PREA Newsletters, third-party reporting posters throughout the facility. I observed posters in each housing unit and the units also had the PREA Reporting line Poster and PREA Newsletters posted. Interviews with a sampling of incarcerated individuals revealed that incarcerated individuals are familiar with a variety of ways to report a PREA incident. The information is also readily available in the Resident Handbook and the PREA Pamphlets provided during intake. Incarcerated individuals were familiar with the mechanisms available for privately reporting a case of sexual harassment or sexual abuse, how to report retaliation, and staff neglect. Most incarcerated individuals said that they would tell an officer or their caseworker. The offenders feel comfortable reporting directly to the officers in this facility. The agency has supplied at least one way for an offender to privately report an incident to a public/government or private entity that is not a part of the agency. Offenders may write to the Agency of Human Services to report an incident. The mechanism that most offenders referred to is the use of the reporting line. The reporting line is checked by the Central office of the Department of Corrections. Sexual Abuse reports are then sent to facility leadership to investigate. Agency policy 315.02 addresses Foreign Nationals. The policy requires that incarcerated individuals detained solely for civil immigration purposes be supplied information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials of the Department of Homeland Security. Interviews with intake staff reveal that they are aware of the policy and directives. Policy 409.09, Page 16, Section 5 addresses reporting. Staff members are mandatory reporters of all incidents of sexual harassment and sexual abuse. Interviews with staff reveal that they are aware of this requirement. Staff also showed that they must document all complaints in writing. When asked how staff could privately report an incident of sexual harassment or sexual abuse, most staff showed that they would report the incident directly to their supervisor. They also said that they could send an email, drop an anonymous note, call, or write Vermont Agency of Human Services.

115.52 Exhaustion of administrative remedies

Auditor Overall Determination: Exceeds Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 320.01 Grievances
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Interim Revision Memo dated September 2014
 - Inmate PREA Brochure
 - · Resident Handbook
 - Third-Party Reporting Poster
- 2. Interviews:
 - Incarcerated Individuals Who Reported Sexual Abuse

Findings:

Agency policy 320.01, page 5, section b and Page 8, Section 9, govern the grievance system for sexual abuse claims and specifically emergency grievances. The memorandum that revised the Grievance policy dated 09.23.2014 clarifies that an incarcerated individual may file a grievance about sexual abuse without a time limitation. The offender does not have to use the formal grievance procedures or to give a complaint to their alleged abuser to file a complaint or grievance. The memorandum states that the offender can give the grievance to any staff member. Staff that receives a formal grievance alleging sexual abuse must forward it to their supervisor or another supervisor who is not the subject of the alleged abuse. The memorandum requires staff to address the grievance and issue a final determination on the case within 90 days. A 70day extension can extend the response if needed. The facility received one grievance related to sexual misconduct in the past 12 months. A review of the grievance shows that grievances are taken seriously and responded to on time. One case was reviewed. No cases extended beyond the 90-day limitation. The Central Resident Handbook, page 18, includes information notifying the incarcerated individual in writing of any such extension and supplies a date by which a decision will be made. The initial response and final agency decision shall document the agency's determination whether the incarcerated individual is at substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse and the action taken in response to the emergency grievance, and the Resident Handbook also includes information regarding how incarcerated individuals may have assistance in utilizing a third party including fellow incarcerated individuals, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, to assist incarcerated individuals in filing requests for administrative remedies. The NSCF Resident Handbook, pages 26-28, provides incarcerated individuals with detailed information about filing a PREA related grievance to include requirements in responding, lack of time limitations for filing, submission of the grievance, and the ability to have assistance in preparing the grievance and specific procedures for filing an emergency grievance. The handbook also says that emergency grievances will receive a response within 8 hours. The standard required is 48 hours. This far exceeds the standard. Agency policy 320.01 Memo Revision 14, b addresses the duty to provide an initial response within 48 hours, and that a final agency decision be made within five days. Agency policy allows for disciplinary actions if the grievance was filed only in bad faith. The one grievance filed was unfounded and the incarcerated individual was disciplined for filing a grievance in bad faith.

115.53 Inmate access to outside confidential support services

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections Agency Policy 409.09
 - · Pre-Audit Questionnaire completed by NSCF
 - LOA with JDI
 - JDI Letter to Inmates
 - · JDI Letter to Staff
 - JDI Posters
 - · LOA with Umbrella
 - Resident Handbook
 - Inmate Education Materials
 - Immigration Information related to PREA

2. Interviews:

- Random Selection of Incarcerated Individuals
- · Incarcerated Individual that had filed a report of sexual abuse

Finding:

NSCF provides a victim advocate for any incarcerated individual needing to speak with an advocate. Outside advocates are available to all offender victims of sexual abuse. Offenders are supplied with the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of several advocacy groups in the PREA Pamphlet and in the Resident Handbook. Offenders interviewed were familiar with the availability of services and some could supply specific names of the agencies. Offenders are aware of where the information is found and how to contact them if needed. Offenders are also provided with immigrant services agencies for persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes. Offenders are afforded access to these services via mail or telephone in as confidential a manner as possible. Page 26 of the Resident Handbook states, "All telephone conversations, with the exception of privileged communications (lawyer phone), shall be recorded and may be monitored." I interviewed incarcerated individuals that had reported sexual abuse to determine that they were familiar with the resources available to them. I interviewed Medical and Mental Health staff to decide that they inform incarcerated individuals, prior to giving them access to outside support services, of the mandatory reporting rules governing privacy, confidentiality, and/or privilege that apply to disclosures of sexual abuse made to outside victim advocates, including any limits to confidentiality under relevant federal, state, or local law. The agency has entered LOAs with the Umbrella and Just Detention International to provide incarcerated individuals with emotional support services related to sexual abuse. The LOA with the Umbrella was signed (renewed) on September 14, 2021. Just Detention International supplies an Inside Line, which is a FREE, unrecorded, unmonitored, anonymous, and confidential sexual abuse and sexual harassment emotional support line for Vermont DOC incarcerated individuals. This agreement was dated January 17, 2020. JDI posters and letters are posted throughout the facility advising incarcerated individuals on how to contact the advocates. This is also reviewed during the education of the incarcerated individuals.

115.54	Third-party reporting
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
	 Third-Party Reporting Poster/Signage PREA Posters
	Agency Website
	2. Interviews:
	None
	3. Observations:
	Posting of Third-Party Reporting Signage in the facility
	Findings:
	The VDOC has supplied a mechanism for third-party reporting. The policy is posted on the DOC website found at http://doc.vermont.gov/programs/prea/prison-rape-elimiation-actprea/. The website also supplies a printer-friendly pdf file that the viewer can print if needed for ease of access. Interviews with investigative staff show that all third-party reports will be taken seriously and followed up on appropriately. Third-Party Reporting posters/signage were seen throughout the facility to include areas of egress where visitors and attorneys would pass through on a regular basis.

115.61 Staff and agency reporting duties Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 405 Reporting
 - PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - · Investigative Reports

Auditor Discussion

- 2. Interviews:
 - Medical and Mental Health Staff
 - · Random Sample of Staff
 - Warden/Superintendent
 - PREA Coordinator

Findings:

Agency policy 409.09, page 9, section b requires all staff, contractors, and volunteers to immediately report any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency; retaliation against incarcerated individuals or staff who reported such an incident; and any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident or retaliation. Interviews with a random sample of staff confirm that they must report any knowledge, suspicion, or information about sexual harassment or sexual abuse, retaliation, or staff neglect. Staff members are familiar that they should not share private information surrounding a claim or incident of sexual harassment or sexual abuse other than disclosing the information to their supervisor(s) or other staff to assist in making treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health staff revealed that apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, medical and mental health staff refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions unless prevented by Federal, State, or local law. While the facility does not house offenders under the age of 18, if they were to have a vulnerable adult in the facility that claimed sexual harassment or sexual abuse, they would have to report the allegation, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators. A review of Investigative reports reveals that the agency investigates reports made by third-party or anonymous complainants.

115.62	Agency protection duties
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 320.01 Inmate Grievances Memo
	2. Interviews:
	 Agency Head Warden/Superintendent Random Sample of Staff
	Findings:
	Agency policy 409.09, page 2, number 2 requires staff to take immediate action to protect inmates that are subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. Interviews with staff showed that staff members are aware of their duties to protect all inmates, especially those that are at risk of imminent sexual abuse. Staff interviewed said they would take every precaution necessary to protect the individual by separating them from the potential abuser, maintaining a visual on the individual, and contacting their supervisor in order to make more permanent arrangements in protecting the individual. I interviewed incarcerated individuals who were identified as a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse. I interviewed a random sample of staff as well as the Warden/Superintendent to verify that offenders at imminent risk of sexual abuse would be protected to prevent the abuse from happening.

115.63	Reporting to other confinement facilities
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Review of Investigative Reports Review of Email Correspondence documenting required timely notification
	2. Interviews:
	 Agency Head Warden/Superintendent Random Sample of Staff
	Findings:
	Agency policy 409.09, page 17, b, ii, requires that upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, the head of the facility must notify the head of the facility or proper office of the agency or facility where sexual abuse is alleged to have occurred. Notification is to be made as soon as possible not to exceed 72 hours and the Superintendent/Warden must make the notification to the Superintendent of the other facility. Interviews with the Superintendent confirm that the standard policy would be to notify the other superintendent directly to report an incident. There was one case reported at NSCF that required reporting to another facility in the past 12 months. NSCF made the required notification that day they received the initial complaint. The case was investigated following the PREA standards.

115.64 Staff first responder duties Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 405 Incident Reporting
 - PREA Incident Protocol Forms
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - Guidance Procedures for Investigations
 - · Investigations Directive

2. Interviews:

Auditor Discussion

- · Random Sample of Staff
- · Security Staff and First Responders
- Incarcerated Individuals who had reported sexual abuse

Findings:

The agency has a policy 409.09, page 17, Section a, which supplies protocols for responding to allegations of sexual abuse. In fact, they have developed a variety of protocols that are more specific to the needs based on the type of incident claimed. The agency has developed protocols for Inmate on Inmate Sexualized behavior (not mandated to be tracked, but the VDOC does track this valuable information), Inmate on Inmate Sexual Harassment, Inmate on Inmate Sexual Abuse, Inmate on Inmate Sexual Abusive Penetration, Staff on Inmate Voyeurism, Indecent Exposure, Sexual Harassment, and Staff on Inmate Sexual Abuse Penetration/Contact. The policy and protocols require that, upon learning of an allegation that an incarcerated Individual was sexually abused, the first security staff member to respond to the report to separate the alleged victim and abuser, the first security staff member to respond to the report to preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, the first security staff member to respond to the report request that the alleged victim does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence, the first security staff member to respond to the report ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating. Interviews with a random sampling of staff revealed that most security staff members are proficient with these requirements. There were no cases reported in the past twelve months that potentially allowed for the collection of physical evidence and in each case, the victim and abuser were asked to refrain from washing, brushing, going to the restroom, showering, etc. Agency policy 409.09 requires that if the first staff responder is not a security staff member, the responder must ask that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff. Non-security staff (caseworkers, medical and mental health staff) interviewed were aware of their duty to request the victim and abuser to not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence and notify security staff. There were no sexual abuse cases in the past 12 months where an allegation was reported to a non-security staff member.

115.65	Coordinated response
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) NSCF Coordinated Response Plan
	2. Interviews:
	Warden/Superintendent
	Findings:
	The facility has a written institutional response plan to coordinate actions taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership. I have secured and reviewed the coordinated response plan. The coordinated response plan coordinates the actions of staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership when responding to an incident of sexual abuse. Interviews with the Warden/ Superintendent, investigators, medical/mental health, and PREA Manager confirm that there is a coordinated response plan for the facility. The Coordinate Response Plan is detailed in procedure 409.09.01.

Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers
Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
Auditor Discussion
The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Collective Bargaining Agreement Effective July 1, 2020-June 30,2022
2. Interviews:
Agency Head
Findings:
The agency has entered a collective bargaining agreement with the Vermont State Employees Association, Inc. The contract, Effective July 1, 2020 — Expiring June 30, 2022, does not limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any incarcerated individuals pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted. I interviewed the Agency Head and confirmed that the agency has entered a collective bargaining agreement with the Vermont State Employees Association, Inc. A copy of the agreement, effective July 1, 2020, and expiring June 20, 2022, was provided to the auditor for review during the pre-audit phase. Article 14, Disciplinary Action, within the agreement covers the agency's right to remove alleged staff abusers from contact with

115.67 Agency protection against retaliation

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - · Retaliation Monitoring Form
 - · Investigative Files
- 2. Interviews:
 - · Agency Head
 - Warden/Superintendent
 - Retaliation Monitor
 - There were no incarcerated individuals housed in Segregated Housing (for risk of sexual victimization/who allege to have suffered sexual abuse).
 - Incarcerated individuals who had reported sexual abuse in the facility

Findings:

Agency policy 409.09, Page 2, Section 3 states that staff members are charged with protecting inmates from retaliation. Interviews with a random sample of staff ensured familiarity with this standard. The facility has appointed the caseworkers as the Retaliation Monitors for NSCF. The agency has also created a Retaliation Monitoring Form to use to aid the monitor in keeping track and notes of the monitoring. The agency employs multiple protective measures, to protect victims from abusers including housing changes, transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations. Interviews with the Agency Head/Director, Warden/Superintendent, and Retaliation Monitor all conclude that the facility will take a variety of measures to protect the victim from their abuser. I reviewed investigative files of incidents where the victims were protected from potential retaliation. Agency policy mandates that for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, the facility shall monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse and of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff and shall act promptly to remedy any such retaliation. The facility checks inmate disciplinary reports, housing, program changes, or negative performance reviews or reassignments of staff. The facility continues such monitoring beyond 90 days if the first monitoring shows a continuing need. I have reviewed investigative files and decided that the facility does monitor for retaliation for at least 90 days. Interviews with the Retaliation Monitor also indicated that monitoring may continue as needed to protect the victim. Facility leadership was able to provide the auditor with the Retaliation Monitoring Form provided to the retaliation monitors to conduct the monitoring.

115.68	Post-allegation protective custody
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.06 Restrictive Housing PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Restrictive Housing Memo 410.06
	2. Interviews:
	 Warden/Superintendent Staff that work Segregation Housing There were no Incarcerated Individuals Placed in Segregation Housing for risk of sexual abuse to interview
	Findings:
	Agency policy 409.09, page 15, section C states that Inmates that have been designated as vulnerable shall not be placed in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there are no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers. If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, the facility may hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than twenty-four hours while completing the assessment. During the past 12 months, there were no victims placed in involuntary segregation housing. I was unable to find any offender victims that had been placed in segregation housing unless they had requested. I toured the facility and did not find any inmates who had been designated as vulnerable housed in segregation.

115.71 Criminal and administrative agency investigations

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.01 Facility Rules and Inmate Discipline
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 126
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - MOU DHR-IU
 - MOU with Vermont State Police (VSP)
 - · Investigations Flowchart
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 405 Incident Reporting
 - Incident Protocols
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.08 Crime Scene Preservation
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 434 Investigations
 - Sample Investigative Reports

2. Interviews:

- Warden/Superintendent
- PREA Coordinator
- PREA Compliance Manager
- Investigative Staff

Finding:

The VDOC has a policy to investigate all crimes related to sexual abuse and sexual harassment in their facilities. Policy 409.09, Page 1, paragraph 3, states that the VDOC will respond to, investigate, and support the prosecution of sexual abuse within Vermont's correctional system and externally in partnership with law enforcement. The system that has been established for conducting investigations is fairly simple in that VDOC conducts incarcerated individual-on-incarcerated individual sexual harassment investigations, DHR-IU conducts administrative investigations involving staff and the Vermont State Police conducts criminal investigations. Interviews with VDOC investigative staff show that all incidents are taken seriously and investigated according to policy and procedure. Investigations are conducted promptly, thoroughly, and objectively. Reports received from third parties or anonymous sources are investigated. The VDOC policies state that administrative investigations will be conducted by the Department of Human Services Investigative Unit (DHR IU) and all criminal cases are investigated by the Vermont State Police. In interviews with DHR-IU, I discovered that once an employee terminates they stop their investigation. They do document the investigation in a report. According to DHR IU investigators, the case is remanded to the VDOC to complete the investigation. These must be secured and preserved as quickly as possible to preserve all available evidence. NSCF facility has investigators trained to conduct sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations. These investigators have received the required specialized training for conducting investigations in a confinement setting. I interviewed a sampling of the investigators from the VDOC, DHR IU, and VSP and reviewed their training records for compliance with this standard. Investigators are trained to gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data; they can interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses; and shall review prior complaints and reports of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator. If an incident appears to be criminal in nature, the case is sent to the Vermont State Police (VSP) for investigation. The VSP will refer cases for prosecution when warranted. The facility will not conduct compelled interviews. These interviews would be conducted by the VSP. Investigators access the credibility of the witness on an individual basis. Investigators use the standard preponderance of the evidence when considering or weighing the evidence in a case. The investigators do not use a polygraph or other truth-telling devices in sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations. I interviewed incarcerated individuals at the facility that had reported sexual abuse. Administrative investigations are documented by DHR IU. DHR IU will stop investigating when an employee terminates. The report is remanded to the VDOC for completion. The VDOC will be responsible for ensuring the investigation is completed. Time limitations have been imposed for the transfer of information. The VDOC entered an MOU with the DHR IU on August 3, 2021, that supports the retention of these files. Interviews with VDOC and VSP investigative staff confirmed that investigations will continue even upon the departure of the alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the facility or agency. All criminal investigations are documented in a written report that has a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where possible. All

substantiated allegations of conduct that appear to be criminal are referred for prosecution by the VSP. All written reports referenced in paragraphs (f) and (g) of this section are kept for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years. The Agency Head, PREA Coordinator, PREA Compliance Manager, and Investigative Staff all confirmed in interviews that when DRH-IU or VSP is investigating on their behalf, they will cooperate fully to ensure the investigative entity has access as needed and attempt to remain informed about the progress and status of the investigation.

115.72	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
	PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
	MOU with DHR-IU
	MOU with Vermont State Police(VSP)
	2. Interviews:
	DOC Investigative Staff
	DHR IU Investigative Staff
	VSP Investigative Staff
	Findings:
	Agency policy 409.09, page 4, footnote 6, states that incidents are substantiated if it is proven by the preponderance of the evidence. This was confirmed in interviews with Investigative Staff and through the review of investigative files. Interviews with investigative employees confirm the facility imposes no standard higher than a preponderance of the evidence in deciding whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are substantiated. All 2020 and 2021 investigative files for this period were reviewed for compliance.

115.73 Reporting to inmates

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - MOU with DHR-IU
 - MOU with Vermont State Police(VSP)
 - Inmate Victim Notification Form
 - · Sample of Investigative Reports
 - Completed Inmate Notification Form

2. Interviews:

- Warden/Superintendent
- Investigative Staff
- Incarcerated Individuals Who reported Sexual Abuse in the Facility

Findings:

The facility uses a Victim Notification Form to document that they have notified offenders who alleged sexual abuse as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded. A review of the investigative files revealed that the victims are not notified on time. When the agency does not conduct the investigation themselves, they do ask that the investigative agency let them know of the outcome or status of the case. A review of the case files revealed one notice in the investigative files reviewed. When an inmate leaves the facility before the completion of the investigation, the facility tries to notify the victim of the outcome of the case. When the agency does not investigate an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in the facility, the agency requests the relevant information from the investigative agency to inform the inmate. A review of investigative case files shows attempts to follow up with investigators. The agency policy 409.09 requires that inmates be notified if following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the inmate unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, whenever the staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit; The staff member is no longer employed at the facility; The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted related to sexual abuse within the facility, or the agency learns that the staff member has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. I did review an investigative file that met this requirement, and the proper notice was given to the inmate. Agency policy 409.09 requires that following an inmate's allegation that he or she has been sexually abused by another inmate in an agency facility, the agency subsequently must inform the alleged victim whenever the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been indicted related to sexual abuse within the facility; or the agency learns that the alleged abuser has been convicted on a charge related to sexual abuse within the facility. A review of investigative files shows that this is the practice at the facility. The facility documents in writing notices supplied to alleged sexual abuse victims.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Ensure that notices are provided to all incarcerated individuals who make an allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility is informed, verbally or in writing, as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded following an investigation by the agency. The method of notice must be documented.

Update: On April 28, 2022, the facility has created a process to ensure that incarcerated individuals who make an allegation are informed verbally, or in writing as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded following an investigation by the agency. The agency has also incorporated notice if a staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit, no longer employed at the facility, indicted, and convicted of a charge. The facility has completed all notices that were found to not comply with the audit. The auditor has reviewed subsequent allegations for compliance.

115.76 Disciplinary sanctions for staff

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - Investigations Flowchart
 - Vermont Department of Corrections(VDOC)Policy 126 Dated 2.22.15
 - · Review of Personnel Files
 - · Review of Investigative File

2. Interviews:

- Warden/Superintendent
- · Investigative Staff

Findings:

According to agency policy 126, page 2, paragraph 3, agency staff are subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination for violating agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. Policy 126, Page 2, paragraph 3 states, "...Termination shall be the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse." There was one disciplinary action to review of staff related to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment at this facility in the past three years. All disciplinary sanctions imposed for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than engaging in sexual abuse) are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories. All terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, are reported to law enforcement agencies unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to any relevant licensing bodies. In the past 12 months, there was one staff member who should have been reported to law enforcement or to the relevant licensing body. The staff member was reported to the Vermont State Police, however, they were not reported to the licensing body that governed the staff member's certificate.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Ensure that all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, are reported to relevant licensing bodies.

Update January 3, 2022: Upon further review, the case presented was not a case that occurred at the Northern State Correctional Facility. The NSCF did not have a case that required termination for violation of sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies. The case had been provided to demonstrate compliance with another standard since an investigator from this facility was involved in the investigation.

115.77	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 126 Sexual Misconduct with Offenders Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 376.01 Volunteer Services Management
	2. Interviews:
	Warden/Superintendent
	Findings:
	Any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse is prohibited from contact with an incarcerated individual is reported to law enforcement agencies, unless the activity was clearly not criminal, and to relevant licensing bodies. Agency Directive 376.01 treats all volunteers as employees of the state and the same rules govern the volunteers as staff. Contractors and volunteers who engage in sexual abuse are prohibited from future contact with incarcerated individuals. Agency policy requires that any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse be prohibited from contact with incarcerated individuals. There were no incidents reported involving a contractor at NSCF in the past 12 months. An interview with the Warden/ Superintendent revealed that it is well ingrained that volunteers or contractors would be banished from the facility for egregious violations such as a violation related to sexual harassment or sexual abuse.

115.78 Disciplinary sanctions for inmates Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.06 Restrictive Housing
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 410.01 Facility Rules and Inmate Discipline
 - Investigative Files
 - Disciplinary Action Files

2. Interviews:

- Warden/Superintendent
- Medical and Mental Health Staff

Findings:

Agency policy 410.01 governs incarcerated individual discipline. The policy states that offenders are subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process following an administrative or a criminal finding that an incarcerated individual engaged in incarcerated individual on- incarcerated individual sexual abuse. In the twelve months of the review, there were four administrative allegations of incarcerated individual-on-incarcerated individual sexual abuse. There were no criminal cases of incarcerated individual-on-incarcerated individual sexual abuse. A review of investigative and disciplinary reports shows sanctions are commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed. The facility takes into consideration the offender's disciplinary history and sanctions for comparable offenses committed by other incarcerated individuals with similar histories. An incarcerated individual's mental disability is considered when deciding what sanctions to impose. The facility offers a variety of therapeutic services to abusers to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse. The facility does not mandate participation in the therapy as a prerequisite to taking part in facility programming. Services offered are Mental Health and Risk Reductions courses. The facility may discipline an incarcerated individual for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact. There were no incarcerated individual disciplinary actions to review where incarcerated individuals sexually abused staff without consent. If an offender files a report in good faith the offender will not be disciplined for falsely reporting the incident. The VDOC prohibits all sexual activity between incarcerated individuals and may discipline incarcerated individuals for such activity. The agency does not consider the activity to constitute sexual abuse if it determines that the activity is not coerced. This information collaborated a thorough review of the Resident Handbook and the facility rules and the Incarcerated individual Discipline policy. NSCF provided the auditor with investigative case files for review.

115.81 Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - · Secondary Records of referrals for Mental Health

2. Interviews:

- · Medical and Mental Health Staff
- Incarcerated Individuals who Disclose Sexual Victimization at Risk Screening on site
- Staff Responsible for Risk Screening

Findings:

The VDOC has contracted with Vital Core Health Strategies health care provider to review the screening instrument and if an offender says that they have experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. A review of offender files shows that all follow-up meetings were offered in less than 14 days. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health providers support the limitation of fourteen days. There were not any Medical and Mental Health Secondary Records that Document Compliance to review. I interviewed two incarcerated individuals that had prior victimization who were admitted in the past year. The staff that conducts the screening showed that a follow-up meeting would be requested at once. The intake officers complete the Risk Screening Instrument at the facility. Likewise, if an offender risk screening shows that an offender has a history of being an abuser, they are offered a follow-up meeting with mental health within 14-days. The healthcare provider reviews inmate screening instruments to decide if an offender had indicated that they have experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community. The staff ensures that inmates are provided a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening. Discussion around sexual violence is part of the intake process with medical staff. Information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting is not strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners. Security staff members have access to this information on a need-to-know basis to assist in determining housing assignments, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health staff confirm that they obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting unless the incarcerated individual is under the age of 18. This facility does not house incarcerated individuals under the age of 18.

115.82 Access to emergency medical and mental health services

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - PREA Incident Protocols

2. Interviews:

- · Medical and Mental Health Staff
- Incarcerated Individuals who Disclosed Sexual Victimization at Risk Screening
- Staff Responsible for Risk Screening/Intake Joint effort

Finding:

According to medical and mental health practitioners, incarcerated individual victims of sexual abuse receive prompt, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are according to their professional judgment. The VDOC has established a working relationship with local hospitals to provide timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services. VDOC protocols call for contacting the receiving hospitals in advance to ensure a SANE will be made available and to request a victim's advocate be provided upon arrival. Locally, the North Country Hospital supplies a SANE as needed. The SANE nurses work closely with other members of an extended team that include doctors, law enforcement, forensic scientists, advocates, and crime victims service providers. Interviews with Medical and Mental Health staff show that the services provided are in accordance with their professional judgment. Facility protocols for responding to a sexual abuse incident mandate that security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners. Incarcerated Individuals victims of sexual abuse, while incarcerated, are offered prompt information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate. This service is provided at the local hospital when the incarcerated individual victims go in to see the SANE. All incarcerated individual victims receive medical services without incurring any expense whether they cooperate in the investigation or not.

115.83 Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - PREA Incident Protocols
 - · Review of Investigative Records
- 2. Interviews:
 - · Medical and Mental Health Staff
 - Incarcerated Individuals who had reported abuse in the facility
 - There were no female incarcerated individuals in the facility at the time of the audit

Findings:

The facility offers medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all incarcerated individuals who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility. This collaborated through observation of facility programs that deal specifically with domestic violence and sexual abuse and thorough review of resources made available to incarcerated individual victims. The evaluation and treatment of victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody. These services are consistent with the community level of care. NSCF is considered a Male only facility. However, they do occasionally hold females in intake until they can be transferred to Chittenden. Female victims of sexual abuse would be supplied prompt and comprehensive information about, and timely access to, all lawful pregnancy-related medical services. Victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated are offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate. All treatment services are provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident. The facility, functioning as a prison, does conduct a mental health evaluation of all convicted known incarcerated individuals-on-incarcerated individual abusers with 60 days of learning of the sexual abuse history and offers treatment when thought appropriate. Both Medical and Mental Health professionals interviewed confirmed that incarcerated individual victims receive the care needed within this standard. I interviewed several incarcerated individuals that indicated they had been the victim of sexual abuse. None of the individuals interviewed required a SANE exam, STD prophylaxis, or pregnancy testing.

115.86 Sexual abuse incident reviews

Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard

Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - Sexual Abuse Incident Review Team Report Form (SART)
 - · Sample of Investigative Reports

2. Interviews:

- · Medical and Mental Health Staff
- Warden/Superintendent
- PREA Compliance Manager
- Incident Review Team

Findings:

The agency has a policy, 409.09, page 23, the second paragraph to conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every criminal or administrative sexual abuse investigation unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded. The review team includes upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. In the files reviewed, the team includes include upper-level management frontline supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners. The agency has created an Incident Review Form to ensure the required elements are being reviewed. The elements include (1) Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse; (2) Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; or gang affiliation; or was motivated or otherwise caused by other group dynamics at the facility; (3) Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse; (4) Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts; (5) Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff, and (6) Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1)-(d)(5) of this section, and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager. The facility would implement recommendations for improvement or document their reason(s) for not making the suggested improvements. To determine compliance with this standard, I interviewed the PREA Compliance Manager, Medical, and Mental Health Staff, a member of the Incident Review Team, and the Warden/Superintendent and reviewed investigative files. Of the investigative files reviewed that required a sexual abuse incident review, only one case contained a sexual abuse incident review form.

Corrective Action Recommendation:

Ensure that a sexual abuse incident review is completed for each investigation that is substantiated or unsubstantiated.

On May 6, 2022, the facility provided an overview of how they will ensure timely review of the Sexual Abuse Incident Reviews. I requested copies of investigations completed subsequent to the on-site audit to ensure that this protocol is being followed. The facility provided a case that was completed on April 15, 2022, and the Sexual Abuse Incident review was completed on May 2, 2022. The facility has also implemented a process to ensure that all cases are reviewed within thirty days of the closure of the case.

115.87 Data collection Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard Auditor Discussion

The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:

- 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
 - Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
 - PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
 - · Vermont Department of Corrections PREA Webpage
 - OMS PREA Categories for Classifying Incidents
 - 2018 SSV Report to Department of Justice
 - 2019 SSV Report to Department of Justice
 - Aggregated Data from 2019-2020
 - Aggregated Data from 2018-2019

2. Interviews:

- · Medical and Mental Health Staff
- Warden/Superintendent
- PREA Compliance Manager
- Incident Review Team
- · Agency Contract Monitor

Findings:

The Vermont Department of Corrections, policy 409.09, details the standardized definitions on pages 3-8. The agency collects uniform data of each allegation within the agency, including contracted facilities. Page 22 of the policy addresses quality assurance and accurately tracking data for the agency using a standardized instrument and set of definitions. While the VDOC follows the SSV as guidance for the collection of proper data, the agency also tracks all sexualized behaviors within the facilities to help gauge potential problems or trends. All PREA data is entered into a database for preservation and ease of tracking. All the data is aggregated annually, and a report is generated from the data. A review of the database revealed that the required data is tracked to answer all questions on the Survey of Sexual Violence by the Department of Justice. The PREA Director reviews all sexual harassment and sexual abuse data and confirms that all the data is entered into the database. This data is gleaned from available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews. The agency also gathers PREA Incident data from the contracted agency that houses inmates on their behalf. The VDOC is supplied with a monthly status report of all PREA incidents by the contractor. The contract monitor ensures that the incidents have been tracked and checked. The reports are then provided to the PREA Director for the VDOC who compiles the annual reports for the agency. The report for 2020 has been completed and posted on the website. The contracted agency's aggregated reports are posted publicly on the VDOC webpage. I reviewed the 2020 and 2019 aggregated reports as well as the annual report generated by the VDOC.

115.88	Data review for corrective action
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
	PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections PREA Webpage (https://doc.vermont.gov/prison-rape-elimination-act-prea) Annual PREA Reports
	2. Interviews:
	Agency Head
	PREA Coordinator
	PREA Compliance Manager
	• Findings:
	Interviews with the PREA Coordinator and the agency head confirmed that the agency collects and aggregates all data from the facilities where they house incarcerated individuals. The VDOC has six state prisons and contracts with a private company to house some incarcerated individuals out of state. The VDOC has constructed a written analysis of the data from
	2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, and 2020 comparing and analyzing if there are areas of concern that should be addressed to further improve sexual safety in the facilities. The data is specifically reviewed to decide if any problem areas within the facilities
	should be addressed to curtail abuse if corrective action is called for and review each facility's aggregated data as well as the agency on an annual basis. Once the annual aggregated reports are complete, the agency head approved the report by
	signature, and the reports are posted on the agency webpage at http://doc.vermont.gov/programs/prea/prison-rape-elimiation-act-prea/. The agency has not had to redact any material from an annual report but would if necessary, curtail any

threat to the safety and security of a facility. I have reviewed all reports posted on the VDOC webpage from 2011-2020.

115.89	Data storage, publication, and destruction
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Regional Correctional Facility (NSCF) Vermont Department of Corrections PREA Webpage
	Annual PREA Reports 2. Interviews:
	 Agency Head PREA Coordinator PREA Compliance Manager
	Findings:
	The VDOC has several safeguards in place to securely retain PREA-related data. In addition to having an information security policy that addresses access, systems, and use, the agency requires that desktop computers require a password, and all mobile devices are needed to keep a strong password. The agency makes available the aggregated data to the public on its website. The data from contracted facilities are also available on the webpage. All personal identifiers are removed from the aggregated reports prior to publication. Interviews with the PREA Coordinator reveal that all PREA-related data will be kept for at least 10 years after the date of the first collection unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise.

115.401 Frequency and scope of audits Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard Auditor Discussion The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination: 1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)

- Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA
- PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF)
- · Vermont Department of Corrections PREA Webpage
- · Annual PREA Reports
- 2. Interviews:
 - None

Findings:

The VDOC operates six state prisons and has completed all cycle one and Cycle two audits of their facilities. This is the first audit conducted in year three of the third cycle. The agency has a plan in place to ensure the standard of one-third of all facilities operated is audited annually. The entire agency was in compliance during the previous audit cycle (2). I have observed the PREA Final reports that were posted on the agency's webpage. Incarcerated individuals interviewed said that the Notices of audit had been up for at least six weeks. The auditor also received proof documentation of the posting well in advance of the deadline. The auditor was afforded full access to all areas of the audited facility. A thorough on-site review of the facility was conducted on the first day of the audit. The auditor requested and received a plethora of documents from the agency and facility to properly triangulate the data and evidence of compliance. All interviews of staff and inmates were completed in a private area. Staff interviews were conducted in a conference room, which afforded great privacy. Incarcerated individual interviews were conducted in the visitation area. There was no visitation going on at the time of the interviews. During the on-site review, the auditor observed Notices of Audit posted that was provided to the facility in all housing units, common areas, attorney's booths, visitation, lobby, and other locations throughout the facility. The Notices of Audit were displayed in both English and Spanish. Incarcerated Individuals interviewed confirmed that the notices had been displayed for a couple of months. The auditor received one correspondence from an incarcerated individual in this facility before the audit.

115.403	Audit contents and findings
	Auditor Overall Determination: Meets Standard
	Auditor Discussion
	The following evidence was analyzed in making the compliance determination:
	1. Documents Reviewed: (Policies, directives, forms, files, records, etc.)
	 Vermont Department of Corrections (VDOC) Policy 409.09 PREA PREA PAQ Completed by Northern State Correctional Facility (NSCF) Vermont Department of Corrections PREA Webpage Annual PREA Reports
	2. Interviews:
	• None
	Findings:
	I have observed the PREA Final reports that were posted on the agency's webpage. The agency completed audits for all facilities in Cycle One and Cycle Two. One-third of their facilities were audited in year one of the third audit cycle. Two facilities were audited in year two, and the final facilities two were audited in year three of the audit cycle. Each completed Final Audit Report is posted on the Agency Webpage located at: https://doc.vermont.gov/prison-rape-elimination-act-prea.

Appendix: Provision Findings			
115.11 (a)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	Does the agency have a written policy mandating zero tolerance toward all forms of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes	
	Does the written policy outline the agency's approach to preventing, detecting, and responding to sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes	
115.11 (b)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	Has the agency employed or designated an agency-wide PREA Coordinator?	yes	
	Is the PREA Coordinator position in the upper-level of the agency hierarchy?	yes	
	Does the PREA Coordinator have sufficient time and authority to develop, implement, and oversee agency efforts to comply with the PREA standards in all of its facilities?	yes	
115.11 (c)	Zero tolerance of sexual abuse and sexual harassment; PREA coordinator		
	If this agency operates more than one facility, has each facility designated a PREA compliance manager? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes	
	Does the PREA compliance manager have sufficient time and authority to coordinate the facility's efforts to comply with the PREA standards? (N/A if agency operates only one facility.)	yes	
115.12 (a)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates		
	If this agency is public and it contracts for the confinement of its inmates with private agencies or other entities including other government agencies, has the agency included the entity's obligation to comply with the PREA standards in any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes	
115.12 (b)	Contracting with other entities for the confinement of inmates		
	Does any new contract or contract renewal signed on or after August 20, 2012 provide for agency contract monitoring to ensure that the contractor is complying with the PREA standards? (N/A if the agency does not contract with private agencies or other entities for the confinement of inmates.)	yes	

115.13 (a)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Does the facility have a documented staffing plan that provides for adequate levels of staffing and, where applicable, video monitoring, to protect inmates against sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Generally accepted detention and correctional practices?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any judicial findings of inadequacy?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from Federal investigative agencies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any findings of inadequacy from internal or external oversight bodies?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: All components of the facility's physical plant (including "blind-spots" or areas where staff or inmates may be isolated)?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The composition of the inmate population?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The number and placement of supervisory staff?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The institution programs occurring on a particular shift?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any applicable State or local laws, regulations, or standards?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: The prevalence of substantiated and unsubstantiated incidents of sexual abuse?	yes
	In calculating adequate staffing levels and determining the need for video monitoring, does the staffing plan take into consideration: Any other relevant factors?	yes
115.13 (b)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In circumstances where the staffing plan is not complied with, does the facility document and justify all deviations from the plan? (N/A if no deviations from staffing plan.)	na
115.13 (c)	Supervision and monitoring	
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The staffing plan established pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The facility's deployment of video monitoring systems and other monitoring technologies?	yes
	In the past 12 months, has the facility, in consultation with the agency PREA Coordinator, assessed, determined, and documented whether adjustments are needed to: The resources the facility has available to commit to ensure adherence to the staffing plan?	yes

115.13 (d)	Supervision and monitoring	
	Has the facility/agency implemented a policy and practice of having intermediate-level or higher-level supervisors conduct and document unannounced rounds to identify and deter staff sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Is this policy and practice implemented for night shifts as well as day shifts?	yes
	Does the facility/agency have a policy prohibiting staff from alerting other staff members that these supervisory rounds are occurring, unless such announcement is related to the legitimate operational functions of the facility?	yes
115.14 (a)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the facility place all youthful inmates in housing units that separate them from sight, sound, and physical contact with any adult inmates through use of a shared dayroom or other common space, shower area, or sleeping quarters? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (b)	Youthful inmates	
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency maintain sight and sound separation between youthful inmates and adult inmates? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	In areas outside of housing units does the agency provide direct staff supervision when youthful inmates and adult inmates have sight, sound, or physical contact? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.14 (c)	Youthful inmates	
	Does the agency make its best efforts to avoid placing youthful inmates in isolation to comply with this provision? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Does the agency, while complying with this provision, allow youthful inmates daily large-muscle exercise and legally required special education services, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
	Do youthful inmates have access to other programs and work opportunities to the extent possible? (N/A if facility does not have youthful inmates (inmates <18 years old).)	na
115.15 (a)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting any cross-gender strip or cross-gender visual body cavity searches, except in exigent circumstances or by medical practitioners?	yes
115.15 (b)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from conducting cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates, except in exigent circumstances? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
	Does the facility always refrain from restricting female inmates' access to regularly available programming or other out-of-cell opportunities in order to comply with this provision? (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates.)	yes
115.15 (c)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility document all cross-gender strip searches and cross-gender visual body cavity searches?	yes
	Does the facility document all cross-gender pat-down searches of female inmates (N/A if the facility does not have female inmates)?	yes

115.15 (d)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility have policies that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility have procedures that enables inmates to shower, perform bodily functions, and change clothing without nonmedical staff of the opposite gender viewing their breasts, buttocks, or genitalia, except in exigent circumstances or when such viewing is incidental to routine cell checks?	yes
	Does the facility require staff of the opposite gender to announce their presence when entering an inmate housing unit?	yes
115.15 (e)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility always refrain from searching or physically examining transgender or intersex inmates for the sole purpose of determining the inmate's genital status?	yes
	If an inmate's genital status is unknown, does the facility determine genital status during conversations with the inmate, by reviewing medical records, or, if necessary, by learning that information as part of a broader medical examination conducted in private by a medical practitioner?	yes
115.15 (f)	Limits to cross-gender viewing and searches	
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct cross-gender pat down searches in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes
	Does the facility/agency train security staff in how to conduct searches of transgender and intersex inmates in a professional and respectful manner, and in the least intrusive manner possible, consistent with security needs?	yes

115.16 (a)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who are blind or have low vision?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have psychiatric disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: inmates who have speech disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency take appropriate steps to ensure that inmates with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate in or benefit from all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including: Other (if "other," please explain in overall determination notes.)	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, ensuring effective communication with inmates who are deaf or hard of hearing?	yes
	Do such steps include, when necessary, providing access to interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have intellectual disabilities?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: Have limited reading skills?	yes
	Does the agency ensure that written materials are provided in formats or through methods that ensure effective communication with inmates with disabilities including inmates who: are blind or have low vision?	yes
115.16 (b)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient	
	Does the agency take reasonable steps to ensure meaningful access to all aspects of the agency's efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to sexual abuse and sexual harassment to inmates who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Do these steps include providing interpreters who can interpret effectively, accurately, and impartially, both receptively and expressively, using any necessary specialized vocabulary?	yes

115.16 (c)	Inmates with disabilities and inmates who are limited English proficient		
	Does the agency always refrain from relying on inmate interpreters, inmate readers, or other types of inmate assistance except in limited circumstances where an extended delay in obtaining an effective interpreter could compromise the inmate's safety, the performance of first-response duties under §115.64, or the investigation of the inmate's allegations?	yes	
115.17 (a)	Hiring and promotion decisions		
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes	
	Does the agency prohibit the hiring or promotion of anyone who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes	
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has engaged in sexual abuse in a prison, jail, lockup, community confinement facility, juvenile facility, or other institution (as defined in 42 U.S.C. 1997)?	yes	
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been convicted of engaging or attempting to engage in sexual activity in the community facilitated by force, overt or implied threats of force, or coercion, or if the victim did not consent or was unable to consent or refuse?	yes	
	Does the agency prohibit the enlistment of services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates who has been civilly or administratively adjudicated to have engaged in the activity described in the two bullets immediately above?	yes	
115.17 (b)	Hiring and promotion decisions		
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to hire or promote anyone who may have contact with inmates?	yes	
	Does the agency consider any incidents of sexual harassment in determining whether to enlist the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes	
115.17 (c)	Hiring and promotion decisions		
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency perform a criminal background records check?	yes	
	Before hiring new employees who may have contact with inmates, does the agency, consistent with Federal, State, and local law, make its best efforts to contact all prior institutional employers for information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or any resignation during a pending investigation of an allegation of sexual abuse?	yes	
115.17 (d)	Hiring and promotion decisions		
	Does the agency perform a criminal background records check before enlisting the services of any contractor who may have contact with inmates?	yes	
115.17 (e)	Hiring and promotion decisions		
	Does the agency either conduct criminal background records checks at least every five years of current employees and contractors who may have contact with inmates or have in place a system for otherwise capturing such information for current employees?	yes	

115.17 (f)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in written applications or interviews for hiring or promotions?	yes
	Does the agency ask all applicants and employees who may have contact with inmates directly about previous misconduct described in paragraph (a) of this section in any interviews or written self-evaluations conducted as part of reviews of current employees?	yes
	Does the agency impose upon employees a continuing affirmative duty to disclose any such misconduct?	yes
115.17 (g)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency consider material omissions regarding such misconduct, or the provision of materially false information, grounds for termination?	yes
115.17 (h)	Hiring and promotion decisions	
	Does the agency provide information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee upon receiving a request from an institutional employer for whom such employee has applied to work? (N/A if providing information on substantiated allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment involving a former employee is prohibited by law.)	yes
115.18 (a)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency designed or acquired any new facility or planned any substantial expansion or modification of existing facilities, did the agency consider the effect of the design, acquisition, expansion, or modification upon the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not acquired a new facility or made a substantial expansion to existing facilities since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	na
115.18 (b)	Upgrades to facilities and technologies	
	If the agency installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology, did the agency consider how such technology may enhance the agency's ability to protect inmates from sexual abuse? (N/A if agency/facility has not installed or updated a video monitoring system, electronic surveillance system, or other monitoring technology since August 20, 2012, or since the last PREA audit, whichever is later.)	yes
115.21 (a)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency is responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, does the agency follow a uniform evidence protocol that maximizes the potential for obtaining usable physical evidence for administrative proceedings and criminal prosecutions? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (b)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Is this protocol developmentally appropriate for youth where applicable? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
	Is this protocol, as appropriate, adapted from or otherwise based on the most recent edition of the U.S. Department of Justice's Office on Violence Against Women publication, "A National Protocol for Sexual Assault Medical Forensic Examinations, Adults/Adolescents," or similarly comprehensive and authoritative protocols developed after 2011? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes

115.21 (c)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency offer all victims of sexual abuse access to forensic medical examinations, whether on-site or at an outside facility, without financial cost, where evidentiarily or medically appropriate?	yes
	Are such examinations performed by Sexual Assault Forensic Examiners (SAFEs) or Sexual Assault Nurse Examiners (SANEs) where possible?	yes
	If SAFEs or SANEs cannot be made available, is the examination performed by other qualified medical practitioners (they must have been specifically trained to conduct sexual assault forensic exams)?	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to provide SAFEs or SANEs?	yes
115.21 (d)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	Does the agency attempt to make available to the victim a victim advocate from a rape crisis center?	yes
	If a rape crisis center is not available to provide victim advocate services, does the agency make available to provide these services a qualified staff member from a community-based organization, or a qualified agency staff member? (N/A if the agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	yes
	Has the agency documented its efforts to secure services from rape crisis centers?	yes
115.21 (e)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	As requested by the victim, does the victim advocate, qualified agency staff member, or qualified community-based organization staff member accompany and support the victim through the forensic medical examination process and investigatory interviews?	yes
	As requested by the victim, does this person provide emotional support, crisis intervention, information, and referrals?	yes
115.21 (f)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency itself is not responsible for investigating allegations of sexual abuse, has the agency requested that the investigating agency follow the requirements of paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for conducting criminal AND administrative sexual abuse investigations.)	yes
115.21 (h)	Evidence protocol and forensic medical examinations	
	If the agency uses a qualified agency staff member or a qualified community-based staff member for the purposes of this section, has the individual been screened for appropriateness to serve in this role and received education concerning sexual assault and forensic examination issues in general? (N/A if agency always makes a victim advocate from a rape crisis center available to victims.)	na
115.22 (a)	Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency ensure an administrative or criminal investigation is completed for all allegations of sexual harassment?	yes

Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior?	yes
Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means?	yes
Does the agency document all such referrals?	yes
Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations	
If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
Employee training	
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retaliation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the common reactions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to avoid inappropriate relationships with inmates?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and professionally with inmates, including lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming inmates?	yes
Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to comply with relevant laws related to mandatory reporting of sexual abuse to outside authorities?	yes
Employee training	
Is such training tailored to the gender of the inmates at the employee's facility?	yes
Have employees received additional training if reassigned from a facility that houses only male inmates to a facility that houses only female inmates, or vice versa?	yes
	Does the agency have a policy and practice in place to ensure that allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are referred for investigation to an agency with the legal authority to conduct criminal investigations, unless the allegation does not involve potentially criminal behavior? Has the agency published such policy on its website or, if it does not have one, made the policy available through other means? Does the agency document all such referrals? Policies to ensure referrals of allegations for investigations If a separate entity is responsible for conducting criminal investigations, does the policy describe the responsibilities of both the agency and the investigating entity? (N/A if the agency/facility is responsible for criminal investigations. See 115.21(a).) Employee training Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on its zero-tolerance policy for sexual abuse and sexual harassment? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to fulfill their responsibilities under agency sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, reporting, and response policies and procedures? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on inmates' right to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the right of inmates and employees to be free from retatiation for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment in confinement? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on the dynamics of sexual abuse and sexual harassment victims? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to detect and respond to signs of threatened and actual sexual abuse? Does the agency train all employees who may have contact with inmates on how to communicate effectively and profes

115.31 (c)	Employee training	
	Have all current employees who may have contact with inmates received such training?	yes
	Does the agency provide each employee with refresher training every two years to ensure that all employees know the agency's current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies and procedures?	yes
	In years in which an employee does not receive refresher training, does the agency provide refresher information on current sexual abuse and sexual harassment policies?	yes
115.31 (d)	Employee training	
	Does the agency document, through employee signature or electronic verification, that employees understand the training they have received?	yes
115.32 (a)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Has the agency ensured that all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates have been trained on their responsibilities under the agency's sexual abuse and sexual harassment prevention, detection, and response policies and procedures?	yes
115.32 (b)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Have all volunteers and contractors who have contact with inmates been notified of the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment and informed how to report such incidents (the level and type of training provided to volunteers and contractors shall be based on the services they provide and level of contact they have with inmates)?	yes
115.32 (c)	Volunteer and contractor training	
	Does the agency maintain documentation confirming that volunteers and contractors understand the training they have received?	yes
115.33 (a)	Inmate education	
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining the agency's zero-tolerance policy regarding sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	During intake, do inmates receive information explaining how to report incidents or suspicions of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
115.33 (b)	Inmate education	
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	no
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Their rights to be free from retaliation for reporting such incidents?	no
	Within 30 days of intake, does the agency provide comprehensive education to inmates either in person or through video regarding: Agency policies and procedures for responding to such incidents?	no
115.33 (c)	Inmate education	
	Have all inmates received the comprehensive education referenced in 115.33(b)?	no
	Do inmates receive education upon transfer to a different facility to the extent that the policies and procedures of the inmate's new facility differ from those of the previous facility?	no

115.33 (d)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are limited English proficient?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are deaf?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are visually impaired?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who are otherwise disabled?	yes
	Does the agency provide inmate education in formats accessible to all inmates including those who have limited reading skills?	yes
115.33 (e)	Inmate education	
	Does the agency maintain documentation of inmate participation in these education sessions?	yes
115.33 (f)	Inmate education	
	In addition to providing such education, does the agency ensure that key information is continuously and readily available or visible to inmates through posters, inmate handbooks, or other written formats?	yes
115.34 (a)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	In addition to the general training provided to all employees pursuant to §115.31, does the agency ensure that, to the extent the agency itself conducts sexual abuse investigations, its investigators receive training in conducting such investigations in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (b)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does this specialized training include techniques for interviewing sexual abuse victims? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include proper use of Miranda and Garrity warnings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include sexual abuse evidence collection in confinement settings? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does this specialized training include the criteria and evidence required to substantiate a case for administrative action or prosecution referral? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
115.34 (c)	Specialized training: Investigations	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that agency investigators have completed the required specialized training in conducting sexual abuse investigations? (N/A if the agency does not conduct any form of administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.35 (a)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to detect and assess signs of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to preserve physical evidence of sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how to respond effectively and professionally to victims of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that all full- and part-time medical and mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities have been trained in how and to whom to report allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse and sexual harassment? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (b)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	If medical staff employed by the agency conduct forensic examinations, do such medical staff receive appropriate training to conduct such examinations? (N/A if agency medical staff at the facility do not conduct forensic exams or the agency does not employ medical staff.)	na
115.35 (c)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Does the agency maintain documentation that medical and mental health practitioners have received the training referenced in this standard either from the agency or elsewhere? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners who work regularly in its facilities.)	yes
115.35 (d)	Specialized training: Medical and mental health care	
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners employed by the agency also receive training mandated for employees by §115.31? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners employed by the agency.)	yes
	Do medical and mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency also receive training mandated for contractors and volunteers by §115.32? (N/A if the agency does not have any full- or part-time medical or mental health care practitioners contracted by or volunteering for the agency.)	yes
115.41 (a)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all inmates assessed during an intake screening for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
	Are all inmates assessed upon transfer to another facility for their risk of being sexually abused by other inmates or sexually abusive toward other inmates?	yes
115.41 (b)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Do intake screenings ordinarily take place within 72 hours of arrival at the facility?	yes
115.41 (c)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Are all PREA screening assessments conducted using an objective screening instrument?	yes

115.41 (d)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (1) Whether the inmate has a mental, physical, or developmental disability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (2) The age of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (3) The physical build of the inmate?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (4) Whether the inmate has previously been incarcerated?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (5) Whether the inmate's criminal history is exclusively nonviolent?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (6) Whether the inmate has prior convictions for sex offenses against an adult or child?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (7) Whether the inmate is or is perceived to be gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender, intersex, or gender nonconforming (the facility affirmatively asks the inmate about his/her sexual orientation and gender identity AND makes a subjective determination based on the screener's perception whether the inmate is gender non-conforming or otherwise may be perceived to be LGBTI)?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (8) Whether the inmate has previously experienced sexual victimization?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (9) The inmate's own perception of vulnerability?	yes
	Does the intake screening consider, at a minimum, the following criteria to assess inmates for risk of sexual victimization: (10) Whether the inmate is detained solely for civil immigration purposes?	yes
115.41 (e)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior acts of sexual abuse?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: prior convictions for violent offenses?	yes
	In assessing inmates for risk of being sexually abusive, does the initial PREA risk screening consider, as known to the agency: history of prior institutional violence or sexual abuse?	yes
115.41 (f)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	<u> </u>
	Within a set time period not more than 30 days from the inmate's arrival at the facility, does the facility reassess the inmate's risk of victimization or abusiveness based upon any additional, relevant information received by the facility since the intake screening?	yes

115.41 (g)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a referral?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to a request?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the facility reassess an inmate's risk level when warranted due to receipt of additional information that bears on the inmate's risk of sexual victimization or abusiveness?	yes
115.41 (h)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Is it the case that inmates are not ever disciplined for refusing to answer, or for not disclosing complete information in response to, questions asked pursuant to paragraphs (d)(1), (d)(7), (d) (8), or (d)(9) of this section?	yes
115.41 (i)	Screening for risk of victimization and abusiveness	
	Has the agency implemented appropriate controls on the dissemination within the facility of responses to questions asked pursuant to this standard in order to ensure that sensitive information is not exploited to the inmate's detriment by staff or other inmates?	yes
115.42 (a)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Housing Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Bed assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Work Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Education Assignments?	yes
	Does the agency use information from the risk screening required by § 115.41, with the goal of keeping separate those inmates at high risk of being sexually victimized from those at high risk of being sexually abusive, to inform: Program Assignments?	yes
115.42 (b)	Use of screening information	
	Does the agency make individualized determinations about how to ensure the safety of each inmate?	yes
115.42 (c)	Use of screening information	
	When deciding whether to assign a transgender or intersex inmate to a facility for male or female inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems (NOTE: if an agency by policy or practice assigns inmates to a male or female facility on the basis of anatomy alone, that agency is not in compliance with this standard)?	yes
	When making housing or other program assignments for transgender or intersex inmates, does the agency consider, on a case-by-case basis, whether a placement would ensure the inmate's health and safety, and whether a placement would present management or security problems?	yes

115.42 (d)	Use of screening information	
	Are placement and programming assignments for each transgender or intersex inmate reassessed at least twice each year to review any threats to safety experienced by the inmate?	yes
115.42 (e)	Use of screening information	
	Are each transgender or intersex inmate's own views with respect to his or her own safety given serious consideration when making facility and housing placement decisions and programming assignments?	yes
115.42 (f)	Use of screening information	
	Are transgender and intersex inmates given the opportunity to shower separately from other inmates?	yes
115.42 (g)	Use of screening information	
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: lesbian, gay, and bisexual inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: transgender inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
	Unless placement is in a dedicated facility, unit, or wing established in connection with a consent decree, legal settlement, or legal judgment for the purpose of protecting lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex inmates, does the agency always refrain from placing: intersex inmates in dedicated facilities, units, or wings solely on the basis of such identification or status? (N/A if the agency has a dedicated facility, unit, or wing solely for the placement of LGBT or I inmates pursuant to a consent degree, legal settlement, or legal judgement.)	yes
115.43 (a)	Protective Custody	
	Does the facility always refrain from placing inmates at high risk for sexual victimization in involuntary segregated housing unless an assessment of all available alternatives has been made, and a determination has been made that there is no available alternative means of separation from likely abusers?	yes
	If a facility cannot conduct such an assessment immediately, does the facility hold the inmate in involuntary segregated housing for less than 24 hours while completing the assessment?	yes

Protective Custody	
Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible?	yes
Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible?	yes
Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible?	yes
Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible?	yes
If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.)	yes
Protective Custody	
Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged?	yes
Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days?	yes
Protective Custody	
If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety?	yes
If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason why no alternative means of separation can be arranged?	yes
Protective Custody	
In the case of each inmate who is placed in involuntary segregation because he/she is at high risk of sexual victimization, does the facility afford a review to determine whether there is a continuing need for separation from the general population EVERY 30 DAYS?	yes
Inmate reporting	
Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Retaliation by other inmates or staff for reporting sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
Does the agency provide multiple internal ways for inmates to privately report: Staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to such incidents?	yes
	Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Programs to the extent possible? Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Privileges to the extent possible? Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Education to the extent possible? Do inmates who are placed in segregated housing because they are at high risk of sexual victimization have access to: Work opportunities to the extent possible? If the facility restricts any access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the opportunities that have been limited? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the duration of the limitation? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) If the facility restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities, does the facility document the reasons for such limitations? (N/A if the facility never restricts access to programs, privileges, education, or work opportunities.) Protective Custody Does the facility assign inmates at high risk of sexual victimization to involuntary segregated housing only until an alternative means of separation from likely abusers can be arranged? Does such an assignment not ordinarily exceed a period of 30 days? Protective Custody If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The basis for the facility's concern for the inmate's safety? If an involuntary segregated housing assignment is made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section, does the facility clearly document: The reason w

115.51 (b)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency also provide at least one way for inmates to report sexual abuse or sexual harassment to a public or private entity or office that is not part of the agency?	yes
	Is that private entity or office able to receive and immediately forward inmate reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment to agency officials?	yes
	Does that private entity or office allow the inmate to remain anonymous upon request?	yes
	Are inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes provided information on how to contact relevant consular officials and relevant officials at the Department of Homeland Security? (N/A if the facility never houses inmates detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	na
115.51 (c)	Inmate reporting	
	Does staff accept reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment made verbally, in writing, anonymously, and from third parties?	yes
	Does staff promptly document any verbal reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
115.51 (d)	Inmate reporting	
	Does the agency provide a method for staff to privately report sexual abuse and sexual harassment of inmates?	yes
115.52 (a)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Is the agency exempt from this standard? NOTE: The agency is exempt ONLY if it does not have administrative procedures to address inmate grievances regarding sexual abuse. This does not mean the agency is exempt simply because an inmate does not have to or is not ordinarily expected to submit a grievance to report sexual abuse. This means that as a matter of explicit policy, the agency does not have an administrative remedies process to address sexual abuse.	no
115.52 (b)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency permit inmates to submit a grievance regarding an allegation of sexual abuse without any type of time limits? (The agency may apply otherwise-applicable time limits to any portion of a grievance that does not allege an incident of sexual abuse.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency always refrain from requiring an inmate to use any informal grievance process, or to otherwise attempt to resolve with staff, an alleged incident of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (c)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency ensure that: An inmate who alleges sexual abuse may submit a grievance without submitting it to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency ensure that: Such grievance is not referred to a staff member who is the subject of the complaint? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.52 (d)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Does the agency issue a final agency decision on the merits of any portion of a grievance alleging sexual abuse within 90 days of the initial filing of the grievance? (Computation of the 90-day time period does not include time consumed by inmates in preparing any administrative appeal.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the agency claims the maximum allowable extension of time to respond of up to 70 days per 115.52(d)(3) when the normal time period for response is insufficient to make an appropriate decision, does the agency notify the inmate in writing of any such extension and provide a date by which a decision will be made? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	At any level of the administrative process, including the final level, if the inmate does not receive a response within the time allotted for reply, including any properly noticed extension, may an inmate consider the absence of a response to be a denial at that level? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (e)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Are third parties, including fellow inmates, staff members, family members, attorneys, and outside advocates, permitted to assist inmates in filing requests for administrative remedies relating to allegations of sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Are those third parties also permitted to file such requests on behalf of inmates? (If a third party files such a request on behalf of an inmate, the facility may require as a condition of processing the request that the alleged victim agree to have the request filed on his or her behalf, and may also require the alleged victim to personally pursue any subsequent steps in the administrative remedy process.) (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	If the inmate declines to have the request processed on his or her behalf, does the agency document the inmate's decision? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (f)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	Has the agency established procedures for the filing of an emergency grievance alleging that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance alleging an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does the agency immediately forward the grievance (or any portion thereof that alleges the substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse) to a level of review at which immediate corrective action may be taken? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.).	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency provide an initial response within 48 hours? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	After receiving an emergency grievance described above, does the agency issue a final agency decision within 5 calendar days? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response and final agency decision document the agency's determination whether the inmate is in substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the initial response document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
	Does the agency's final decision document the agency's action(s) taken in response to the emergency grievance? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes
115.52 (g)	Exhaustion of administrative remedies	
	If the agency disciplines an inmate for filing a grievance related to alleged sexual abuse, does it do so ONLY where the agency demonstrates that the inmate filed the grievance in bad faith? (N/A if agency is exempt from this standard.)	yes

115.53 (a)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility provide inmates with access to outside victim advocates for emotional support services related to sexual abuse by giving inmates mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available, of local, State, or national victim advocacy or rape crisis organizations?	yes
	Does the facility provide persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes mailing addresses and telephone numbers, including toll-free hotline numbers where available of local, State, or national immigrant services agencies? (N/A if the facility never has persons detained solely for civil immigration purposes.)	yes
	Does the facility enable reasonable communication between inmates and these organizations and agencies, in as confidential a manner as possible?	yes
115.53 (b)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the facility inform inmates, prior to giving them access, of the extent to which such communications will be monitored and the extent to which reports of abuse will be forwarded to authorities in accordance with mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.53 (c)	Inmate access to outside confidential support services	
	Does the agency maintain or attempt to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with community service providers that are able to provide inmates with confidential emotional support services related to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the agency maintain copies of agreements or documentation showing attempts to enter into such agreements?	yes
115.54 (a)	Third-party reporting	
	Has the agency established a method to receive third-party reports of sexual abuse and sexual harassment?	yes
	Has the agency distributed publicly information on how to report sexual abuse and sexual harassment on behalf of an inmate?	yes
115.61 (a)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment that occurred in a facility, whether or not it is part of the agency?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding retaliation against inmates or staff who reported an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment?	yes
	Does the agency require all staff to report immediately and according to agency policy any knowledge, suspicion, or information regarding any staff neglect or violation of responsibilities that may have contributed to an incident of sexual abuse or sexual harassment or retaliation?	yes
115.61 (b)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Apart from reporting to designated supervisors or officials, does staff always refrain from revealing any information related to a sexual abuse report to anyone other than to the extent necessary, as specified in agency policy, to make treatment, investigation, and other security and management decisions?	yes

115.61 (c)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Unless otherwise precluded by Federal, State, or local law, are medical and mental health practitioners required to report sexual abuse pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section?	yes
	Are medical and mental health practitioners required to inform inmates of the practitioner's duty to report, and the limitations of confidentiality, at the initiation of services?	yes
115.61 (d)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	If the alleged victim is under the age of 18 or considered a vulnerable adult under a State or local vulnerable persons statute, does the agency report the allegation to the designated State or local services agency under applicable mandatory reporting laws?	yes
115.61 (e)	Staff and agency reporting duties	
	Does the facility report all allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, including third-party and anonymous reports, to the facility's designated investigators?	yes
115.62 (a)	Agency protection duties	
	When the agency learns that an inmate is subject to a substantial risk of imminent sexual abuse, does it take immediate action to protect the inmate?	yes
115.63 (a)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Upon receiving an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused while confined at another facility, does the head of the facility that received the allegation notify the head of the facility or appropriate office of the agency where the alleged abuse occurred?	yes
115.63 (b)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Is such notification provided as soon as possible, but no later than 72 hours after receiving the allegation?	yes
115.63 (c)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the agency document that it has provided such notification?	yes
115.63 (d)	Reporting to other confinement facilities	
	Does the facility head or agency office that receives such notification ensure that the allegation is investigated in accordance with these standards?	yes
115.64 (a)	Staff first responder duties	
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Separate the alleged victim and abuser?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Preserve and protect any crime scene until appropriate steps can be taken to collect any evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes
	Upon learning of an allegation that an inmate was sexually abused, is the first security staff member to respond to the report required to: Ensure that the alleged abuser does not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, including, as appropriate, washing, brushing teeth, changing clothes, urinating, defecating, smoking, drinking, or eating, if the abuse occurred within a time period that still allows for the collection of physical evidence?	yes

115.64 (b)	Staff first responder duties	
	If the first staff responder is not a security staff member, is the responder required to request that the alleged victim not take any actions that could destroy physical evidence, and then notify security staff?	yes
115.65 (a)	Coordinated response	
	Has the facility developed a written institutional plan to coordinate actions among staff first responders, medical and mental health practitioners, investigators, and facility leadership taken in response to an incident of sexual abuse?	yes
115.66 (a)	Preservation of ability to protect inmates from contact with abusers	
	Are both the agency and any other governmental entities responsible for collective bargaining on the agency's behalf prohibited from entering into or renewing any collective bargaining agreement or other agreement that limit the agency's ability to remove alleged staff sexual abusers from contact with any inmates pending the outcome of an investigation or of a determination of whether and to what extent discipline is warranted?	yes
115.67 (a)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Has the agency established a policy to protect all inmates and staff who report sexual abuse or sexual harassment or cooperate with sexual abuse or sexual harassment investigations from retaliation by other inmates or staff?	yes
	Has the agency designated which staff members or departments are charged with monitoring retaliation?	yes
115.67 (b)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Does the agency employ multiple protection measures, such as housing changes or transfers for inmate victims or abusers, removal of alleged staff or inmate abusers from contact with victims, and emotional support services for inmates or staff who fear retaliation for reporting sexual abuse or sexual harassment or for cooperating with investigations?	yes

115.67 (c)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates or staff who reported the sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor the conduct and treatment of inmates who were reported to have suffered sexual abuse to see if there are changes that may suggest possible retaliation by inmates or staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Act promptly to remedy any such retaliation?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor any inmate disciplinary reports?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate housing changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor inmate program changes?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor negative performance reviews of staff?	yes
	Except in instances where the agency determines that a report of sexual abuse is unfounded, for at least 90 days following a report of sexual abuse, does the agency: Monitor reassignments of staff?	yes
	Does the agency continue such monitoring beyond 90 days if the initial monitoring indicates a continuing need?	yes
115.67 (d)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	In the case of inmates, does such monitoring also include periodic status checks?	yes
115.67 (e)	Agency protection against retaliation	
	If any other individual who cooperates with an investigation expresses a fear of retaliation, does the agency take appropriate measures to protect that individual against retaliation?	yes
115.68 (a)	Post-allegation protective custody	
	Is any and all use of segregated housing to protect an inmate who is alleged to have suffered sexual abuse subject to the requirements of § 115.43?	yes
115.71 (a)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the agency conducts its own investigations into allegations of sexual abuse and sexual harassment, does it do so promptly, thoroughly, and objectively? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes
	Does the agency conduct such investigations for all allegations, including third party and anonymous reports? (N/A if the agency/facility is not responsible for conducting any form of criminal OR administrative sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

115.71 (b)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Where sexual abuse is alleged, does the agency use investigators who have received specialized training in sexual abuse investigations as required by 115.34?	yes
115.71 (c)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do investigators gather and preserve direct and circumstantial evidence, including any available physical and DNA evidence and any available electronic monitoring data?	yes
	Do investigators interview alleged victims, suspected perpetrators, and witnesses?	yes
	Do investigators review prior reports and complaints of sexual abuse involving the suspected perpetrator?	yes
115.71 (d)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When the quality of evidence appears to support criminal prosecution, does the agency conduct compelled interviews only after consulting with prosecutors as to whether compelled interviews may be an obstacle for subsequent criminal prosecution?	yes
115.71 (e)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do agency investigators assess the credibility of an alleged victim, suspect, or witness on an individual basis and not on the basis of that individual's status as inmate or staff?	yes
	Does the agency investigate allegations of sexual abuse without requiring an inmate who alleges sexual abuse to submit to a polygraph examination or other truth-telling device as a condition for proceeding?	yes
115.71 (f)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Do administrative investigations include an effort to determine whether staff actions or failures to act contributed to the abuse?	yes
	Are administrative investigations documented in written reports that include a description of the physical evidence and testimonial evidence, the reasoning behind credibility assessments, and investigative facts and findings?	yes
115.71 (g)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are criminal investigations documented in a written report that contains a thorough description of the physical, testimonial, and documentary evidence and attaches copies of all documentary evidence where feasible?	yes
115.71 (h)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Are all substantiated allegations of conduct that appears to be criminal referred for prosecution?	yes
115.71 (i)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency retain all written reports referenced in 115.71(f) and (g) for as long as the alleged abuser is incarcerated or employed by the agency, plus five years?	yes
115.71 (j)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	Does the agency ensure that the departure of an alleged abuser or victim from the employment or control of the agency does not provide a basis for terminating an investigation?	yes
115.71 (I)	Criminal and administrative agency investigations	
	When an outside entity investigates sexual abuse, does the facility cooperate with outside investigators and endeavor to remain informed about the progress of the investigation? (N/A if an outside agency does not conduct administrative or criminal sexual abuse investigations. See 115.21(a).)	yes

Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unlounded? It should be substantiated to the investigation into an inmate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (N/A if the agencyfacility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.) It should be a substantiated to inform the investigation agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the inmate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer posted within the inmate's unit? Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The staff member is no longer employed at the facility? Following an inmate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident in the agency learns that the staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse against the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever: The agency learns that the staff member has been indicted on a charge related to sexual abuse against the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the allegad observed that the staff member has been convicted on a charge r	115.72 (a)	Evidentiary standard for administrative investigations	
Following an investigation into an inmate's allegation that he or she suffered sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency inform the inmate as to whether the allegation has been determined to be substantiated, unsubstantiated, or unfounded? 115.73 (b) Reporting to inmates If the agency did not conduct the investigation into an immate's allegation of sexual abuse in an agency facility, does the agency request the relevant information from the investigative agency in order to inform the inmate? (NA if the agencyifacility is responsible for conducting administrative and criminal investigations.) 115.73 (c) Reporting to inmates Following an immate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the immate has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever. The staff member is no longer possed within the immate's uniform the resident whenever. The staff member is no longer employed at the facility? Following an immate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever. The staff member is no longer employed at the facility? Following an immate's allegation that a staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident, unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident whenever. The agency learns that the staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident whenever. The agency learns that the staff member has committed sexual abuse against the resident unless the agency has determined that the allegation is unfounded, or unless the resident has been released from custody, does the agency subsequently inform the resident whenever. The agency learns that the resident unless the agency autosequently inform the allegation is unfounded. The agency learns that the allegated abuse within t		evidence in determining whether allegations of sexual abuse or sexual harassment are	yes
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			yes
Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	115.76 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
		Is termination the presumptive disciplinary sanction for staff who have engaged in sexual abuse?	yes

115.76 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are disciplinary sanctions for violations of agency policies relating to sexual abuse or sexual harassment (other than actually engaging in sexual abuse) commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the acts committed, the staff member's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other staff with similar histories?	yes
115.76 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for staff	
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Law enforcement agencies(unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Are all terminations for violations of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies, or resignations by staff who would have been terminated if not for their resignation, reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (a)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse prohibited from contact with inmates?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Law enforcement agencies (unless the activity was clearly not criminal)?	yes
	Is any contractor or volunteer who engages in sexual abuse reported to: Relevant licensing bodies?	yes
115.77 (b)	Corrective action for contractors and volunteers	
	In the case of any other violation of agency sexual abuse or sexual harassment policies by a contractor or volunteer, does the facility take appropriate remedial measures, and consider whether to prohibit further contact with inmates?	yes
115.78 (a)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Following an administrative finding that an inmate engaged in inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, or following a criminal finding of guilt for inmate-on-inmate sexual abuse, are inmates subject to disciplinary sanctions pursuant to a formal disciplinary process?	yes
115.78 (b)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Are sanctions commensurate with the nature and circumstances of the abuse committed, the inmate's disciplinary history, and the sanctions imposed for comparable offenses by other inmates with similar histories?	yes
115.78 (c)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	When determining what types of sanction, if any, should be imposed, does the disciplinary process consider whether an inmate's mental disabilities or mental illness contributed to his or her behavior?	yes
115.78 (d)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the facility offers therapy, counseling, or other interventions designed to address and correct underlying reasons or motivations for the abuse, does the facility consider whether to require the offending inmate to participate in such interventions as a condition of access to programming and other benefits?	yes
115.78 (e)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	Does the agency discipline an inmate for sexual contact with staff only upon a finding that the staff member did not consent to such contact?	yes

115.78 (f)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	For the purpose of disciplinary action does a report of sexual abuse made in good faith based upon a reasonable belief that the alleged conduct occurred NOT constitute falsely reporting an incident or lying, even if an investigation does not establish evidence sufficient to substantiate the allegation?	yes
115.78 (g)	Disciplinary sanctions for inmates	
	If the agency prohibits all sexual activity between inmates, does the agency always refrain from considering non-coercive sexual activity between inmates to be sexual abuse? (N/A if the agency does not prohibit all sexual activity between inmates.)	yes
115.81 (a)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison).	yes
115.81 (b)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a prison inmate has previously perpetrated sexual abuse, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a prison.)	yes
115.81 (c)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	If the screening pursuant to § 115.41 indicates that a jail inmate has experienced prior sexual victimization, whether it occurred in an institutional setting or in the community, do staff ensure that the inmate is offered a follow-up meeting with a medical or mental health practitioner within 14 days of the intake screening? (N/A if the facility is not a jail).	yes
115.81 (d)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Is any information related to sexual victimization or abusiveness that occurred in an institutional setting strictly limited to medical and mental health practitioners and other staff as necessary to inform treatment plans and security management decisions, including housing, bed, work, education, and program assignments, or as otherwise required by Federal, State, or local law?	yes
115.81 (e)	Medical and mental health screenings; history of sexual abuse	
	Do medical and mental health practitioners obtain informed consent from inmates before reporting information about prior sexual victimization that did not occur in an institutional setting, unless the inmate is under the age of 18?	yes
115.82 (a)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Do inmate victims of sexual abuse receive timely, unimpeded access to emergency medical treatment and crisis intervention services, the nature and scope of which are determined by medical and mental health practitioners according to their professional judgment?	yes
115.82 (b)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	If no qualified medical or mental health practitioners are on duty at the time a report of recent sexual abuse is made, do security staff first responders take preliminary steps to protect the victim pursuant to § 115.62?	yes
	Do security staff first responders immediately notify the appropriate medical and mental health practitioners?	yes

115.82 (c)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse offered timely information about and timely access to emergency contraception and sexually transmitted infections prophylaxis, in accordance with professionally accepted standards of care, where medically appropriate?	yes
115.82 (d)	Access to emergency medical and mental health services	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (a)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility offer medical and mental health evaluation and, as appropriate, treatment to all inmates who have been victimized by sexual abuse in any prison, jail, lockup, or juvenile facility?	yes
115.83 (b)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the evaluation and treatment of such victims include, as appropriate, follow-up services, treatment plans, and, when necessary, referrals for continued care following their transfer to, or placement in, other facilities, or their release from custody?	yes
115.83 (c)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Does the facility provide such victims with medical and mental health services consistent with the community level of care?	yes
115.83 (d)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexually abusive vaginal penetration while incarcerated offered pregnancy tests? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	yes
115.83 (e)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If pregnancy results from the conduct described in paragraph § 115.83(d), do such victims receive timely and comprehensive information about and timely access to all lawful pregnancy-related medical services? (N/A if "all male" facility. Note: in "all male" facilities there may be inmates who identify as transgender men who may have female genitalia. Auditors should be sure to know whether such individuals may be in the population and whether this provision may apply in specific circumstances.)	yes
115.83 (f)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are inmate victims of sexual abuse while incarcerated offered tests for sexually transmitted infections as medically appropriate?	yes
115.83 (g)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	Are treatment services provided to the victim without financial cost and regardless of whether the victim names the abuser or cooperates with any investigation arising out of the incident?	yes
115.83 (h)	Ongoing medical and mental health care for sexual abuse victims and abusers	
	If the facility is a prison, does it attempt to conduct a mental health evaluation of all known inmate-on-inmate abusers within 60 days of learning of such abuse history and offer treatment when deemed appropriate by mental health practitioners? (NA if the facility is a jail.)	yes
115.86 (a)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility conduct a sexual abuse incident review at the conclusion of every sexual abuse investigation, including where the allegation has not been substantiated, unless the allegation has been determined to be unfounded?	yes

115.86 (b)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does such review ordinarily occur within 30 days of the conclusion of the investigation?	no
115.86 (c)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team include upper-level management officials, with input from line supervisors, investigators, and medical or mental health practitioners?	yes
115.86 (d)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the review team: Consider whether the allegation or investigation indicates a need to change policy or practice to better prevent, detect, or respond to sexual abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Consider whether the incident or allegation was motivated by race; ethnicity; gender identity; lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or intersex identification, status, or perceived status; gang affiliation; or other group dynamics at the facility?	yes
	Does the review team: Examine the area in the facility where the incident allegedly occurred to assess whether physical barriers in the area may enable abuse?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess the adequacy of staffing levels in that area during different shifts?	yes
	Does the review team: Assess whether monitoring technology should be deployed or augmented to supplement supervision by staff?	yes
	Does the review team: Prepare a report of its findings, including but not necessarily limited to determinations made pursuant to §§ 115.86(d)(1)-(d)(5), and any recommendations for improvement and submit such report to the facility head and PREA compliance manager?	yes
115.86 (e)	Sexual abuse incident reviews	
	Does the facility implement the recommendations for improvement, or document its reasons for not doing so?	yes
115.87 (a)	Data collection	
	Does the agency collect accurate, uniform data for every allegation of sexual abuse at facilities under its direct control using a standardized instrument and set of definitions?	yes
115.87 (b)	Data collection	
	Does the agency aggregate the incident-based sexual abuse data at least annually?	yes
115.87 (c)	Data collection	
	Does the incident-based data include, at a minimum, the data necessary to answer all questions from the most recent version of the Survey of Sexual Violence conducted by the Department of Justice?	yes
115.87 (d)	Data collection	
	Does the agency maintain, review, and collect data as needed from all available incident-based documents, including reports, investigation files, and sexual abuse incident reviews?	yes
115.87 (e)	Data collection	
	Does the agency also obtain incident-based and aggregated data from every private facility with which it contracts for the confinement of its inmates? (N/A if agency does not contract for the confinement of its inmates.)	yes
115.87 (f)	Data collection	
	Does the agency, upon request, provide all such data from the previous calendar year to the Department of Justice no later than June 30? (N/A if DOJ has not requested agency data.)	yes

115.88 (a)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Identifying problem areas?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Taking corrective action on an ongoing basis?	yes
	Does the agency review data collected and aggregated pursuant to § 115.87 in order to assess and improve the effectiveness of its sexual abuse prevention, detection, and response policies, practices, and training, including by: Preparing an annual report of its findings and corrective actions for each facility, as well as the agency as a whole?	yes
115.88 (b)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency's annual report include a comparison of the current year's data and corrective actions with those from prior years and provide an assessment of the agency's progress in addressing sexual abuse?	yes
115.88 (c)	Data review for corrective action	
	Is the agency's annual report approved by the agency head and made readily available to the public through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.88 (d)	Data review for corrective action	
	Does the agency indicate the nature of the material redacted where it redacts specific material from the reports when publication would present a clear and specific threat to the safety and security of a facility?	yes
115.89 (a)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency ensure that data collected pursuant to § 115.87 are securely retained?	yes
115.89 (b)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency make all aggregated sexual abuse data, from facilities under its direct control and private facilities with which it contracts, readily available to the public at least annually through its website or, if it does not have one, through other means?	yes
115.89 (c)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency remove all personal identifiers before making aggregated sexual abuse data publicly available?	yes
115.89 (d)	Data storage, publication, and destruction	
	Does the agency maintain sexual abuse data collected pursuant to § 115.87 for at least 10 years after the date of the initial collection, unless Federal, State, or local law requires otherwise?	yes
115.401 (a)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	During the prior three-year audit period, did the agency ensure that each facility operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited at least once? (Note: The response here is purely informational. A "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes

115.401 (b)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Is this the first year of the current audit cycle? (Note: a "no" response does not impact overall compliance with this standard.)	yes
	If this is the second year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least one-third of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, was audited during the first year of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the second year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
	If this is the third year of the current audit cycle, did the agency ensure that at least two-thirds of each facility type operated by the agency, or by a private organization on behalf of the agency, were audited during the first two years of the current audit cycle? (N/A if this is not the third year of the current audit cycle.)	yes
115.401 (h)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Did the auditor have access to, and the ability to observe, all areas of the audited facility?	yes
115.401 (i)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to request and receive copies of any relevant documents (including electronically stored information)?	yes
115.401 (m)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Was the auditor permitted to conduct private interviews with inmates, residents, and detainees?	yes
115.401 (n)	Frequency and scope of audits	
	Were inmates permitted to send confidential information or correspondence to the auditor in the same manner as if they were communicating with legal counsel?	yes
115.403 (f)	Audit contents and findings	
	The agency has published on its agency website, if it has one, or has otherwise made publicly available, all Final Audit Reports. The review period is for prior audits completed during the past three years PRECEDING THIS AUDIT. The pendency of any agency appeal pursuant to 28 C.F.R. § 115.405 does not excuse noncompliance with this provision. (N/A if there have been no Final Audit Reports issued in the past three years, or, in the case of single facility agencies, there has never been a Final Audit Report issued.)	yes